COOK Zenith® LP

Stéphan Haulon G Couchet, A Felisaz, J Sobocinski, B Maurel, R Azzaoui Vascular Surgery, Lille University Hospital, France

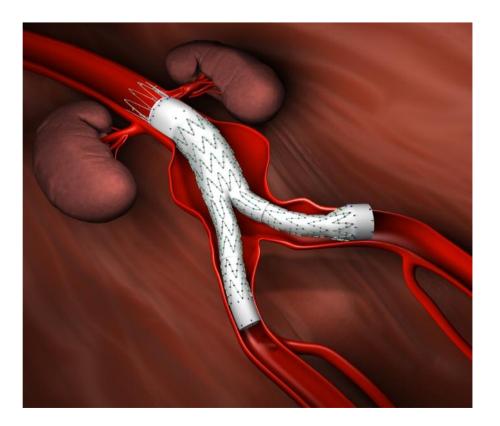


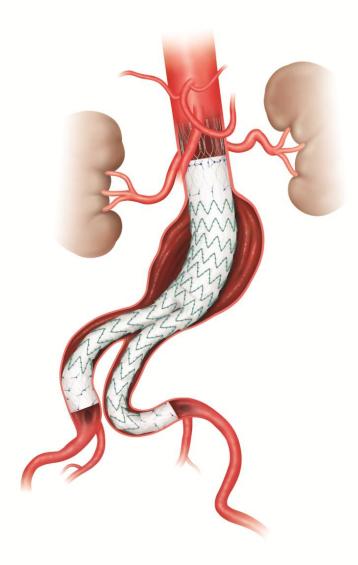
Disclosures

• Research support, Consulting:

- Cook Medical, GE Healthcare













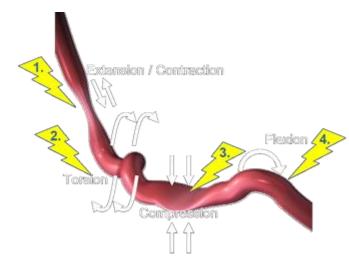


- Zenith Flex[®] AAA clinical results are unsurpassed in the marketplace
- Zenith LP was designed to have Zenith Flex AAA performance in a 16 Fr Sheath
- New graft weave Still dacron
 Thinner, more dense weave
- New stents Nitinol
 - MRI Conditional
 - Low-profile while maintaining high radial force
 - Excellent fatigue resistance



Cook Knows Nitinol Design

- Zilver[®] stent performs in the SFA
- Cook designed the Zilver stent specifically for the SFA
- Zilver interim clinical results ⁴

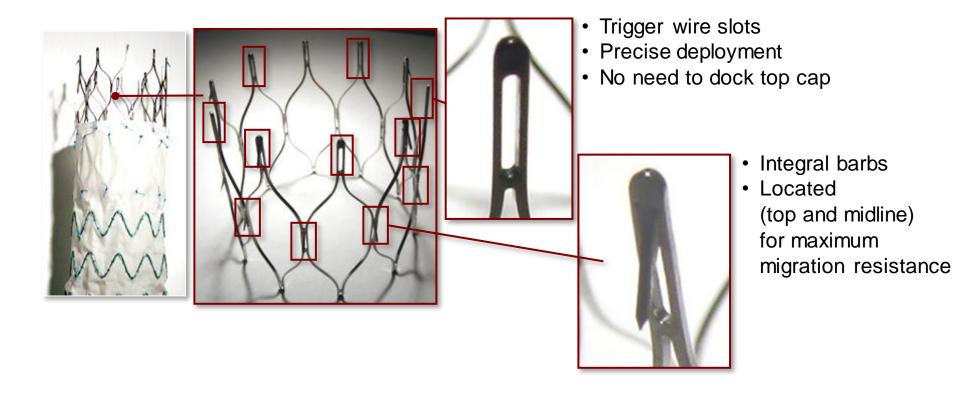


Time Period	Potential Fractures*	
Procedural	0.1% (2/1551 stents)	
6 months	1.4% (16/1168 stents)	
12 months	1.5% (12/777 stents)	

All stents are not created equal!



Zenith[®] LP Stent Design



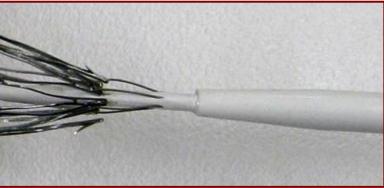


Zenith[®] LP Deployment

• Simplified, precision deployment



- Advantages
 - No top cap
 - No need to dock top cap
 - Smooth back taper
 - Simplified deployment

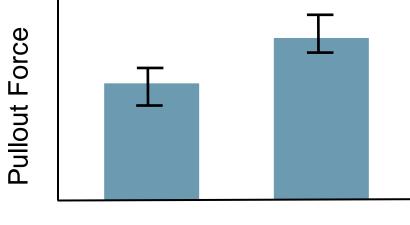




Migration Resistance

Zenith[®] LP

- Porcine aorta pull out
 - Greater force than Zenith Flex®
 - Double sutures
 - Barbs do not fracture



Zenith®





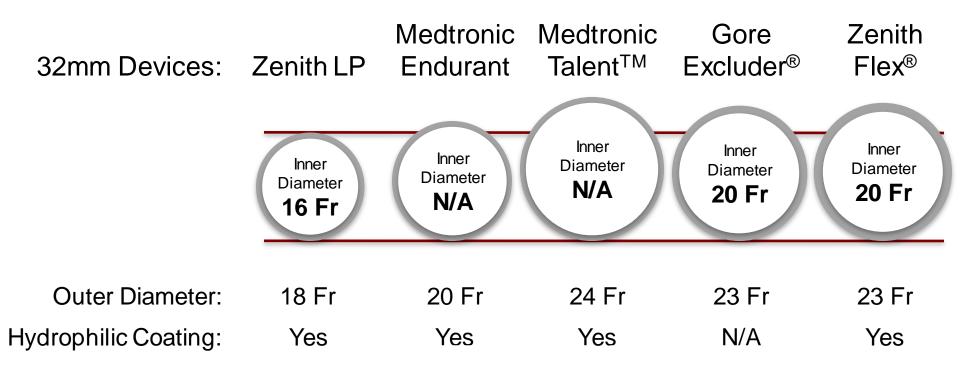
Zenith[®] LP Performance

Property	Engineering Test(s)	Flex	LP
Does not migrate	Porcine aorta pull-out	\checkmark	\checkmark
Durable	Stent pulsatile fatigue	\checkmark	\checkmark
	Stent longitudinal fatigue	\checkmark	\checkmark
	Graft abrasion	\checkmark	\checkmark
	Limb/leg separation	\checkmark	\checkmark
Aneurysm exclusion	Stent radial force	\checkmark	\checkmark
	Graft permeability	\checkmark	\checkmark
Deployment/Conformance	Deployment testing	\checkmark	\checkmark
	Resistance to kink	\checkmark	\checkmark
Biocompatibility	Biocompatibility	\checkmark	\checkmark
	Corrosion	\checkmark	\checkmark

Zenith LP meets the same specifications as Zenith®

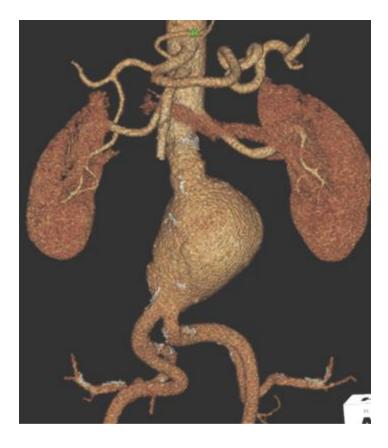


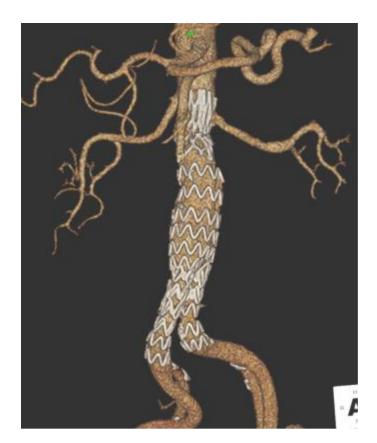
Zenith[®] LP – Lowest Profile



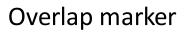


Zenith[®] LP Clinical Experience





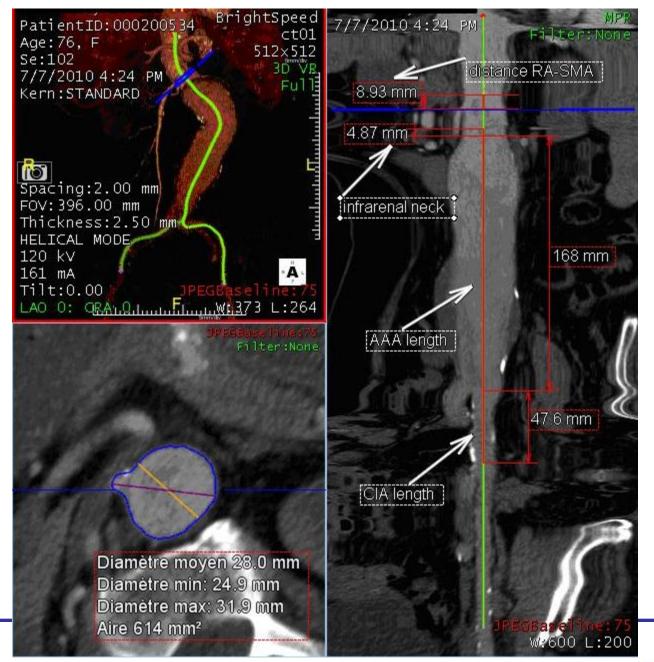




Spiral-Z Leg

- Flexor delivery system
- Kink resistance







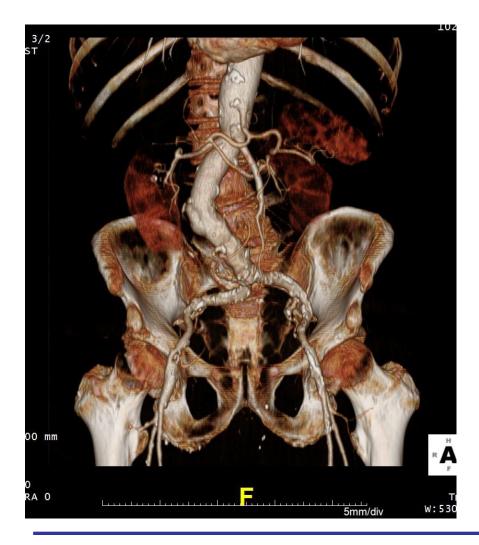


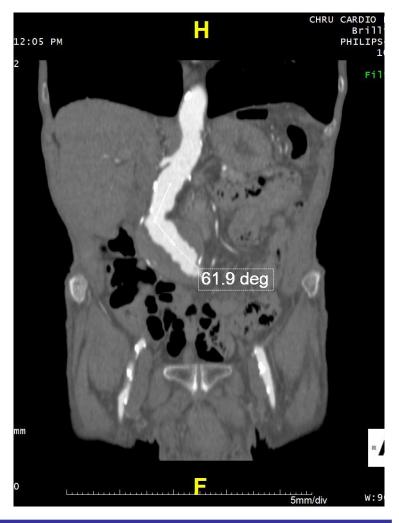


Challenging EVAR with Cook LP

Stéphan Haulon













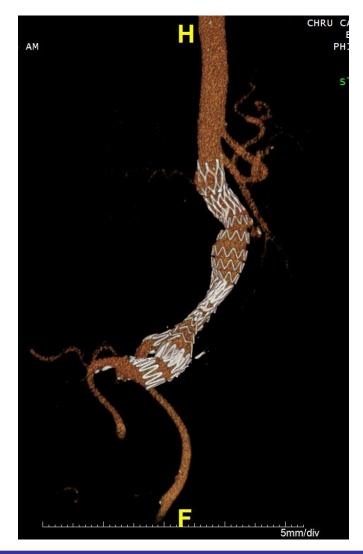




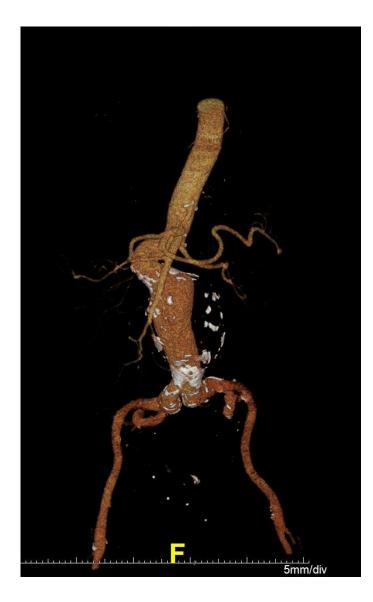






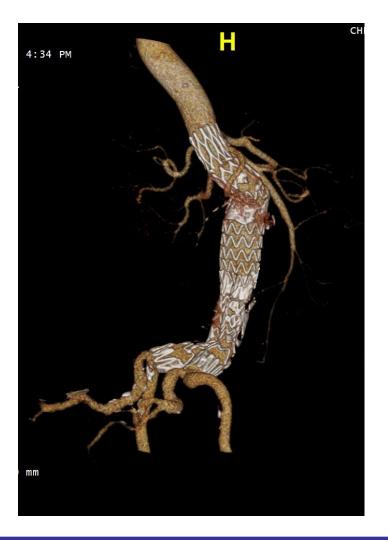


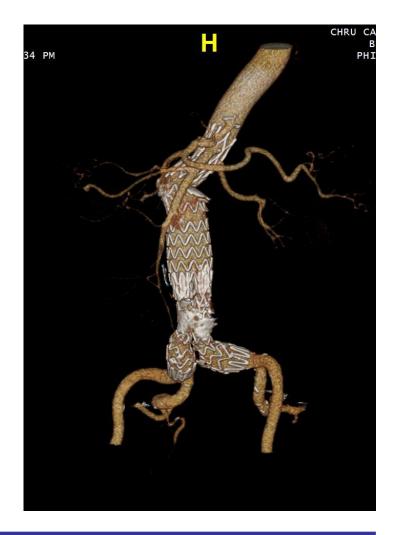










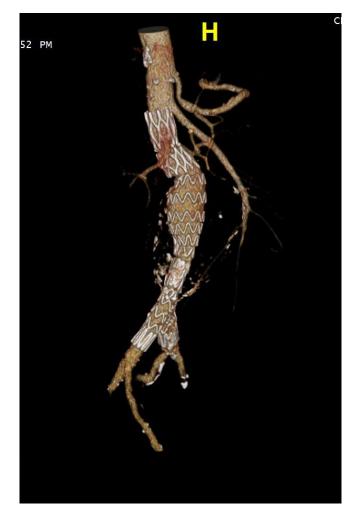




















RESULTS

• First 50 consecutive EVAR (January 2012)

- LP Zenith® bifurcated body in combination with Flex Zenith® limbs (ZSLE)
- Post operative CTA + US

• 6-month US



Morphologic Data

- 46 aortic or aortoiliac aneurysm
- 4 isolated common iliac aneurysms
- Median aortic/iliac diameter:
 - 58mm [50-81] for the aortic or aortoiliac aneurysms
 - 40mm [33-48] for the isolated iliac aneurysms.



Morphologic Data

- Proximal neck diameter: 23.3 mm [17-29 mm]
- Proximal neck length: 30.5mm [12-48]
- Common iliac arteries diameter:
 - 12.4 mm [8-48 mm] on the right side
 - 13.7 mm [7-43 mm] on the left side.
- Of the 100 extern iliac access vessels, 14 had a diameter of 6 mm or lower



Results

- Implantation of the main body and both iliac limbs was successfully performed in all cases
- Six additional procedures were planned and performed:
 - 3 embolizations of the II origin
 - 2 angioplasty-stenting (calcified aortic bif)
 - one angioplasty/stenting of a limb in a kinked iliac artery



Results

- Percutaneous closure system failure occurred twice on 46 percutaneous approaches (4.3%)
- A left inferior polar renal artery was deliberately covered
- No unexpected coverage of a renal artery or an intern iliac artery occurred



Results Ultrasound Examination

- 11 endoleaks: 1 type I, 10 type II
- Femoral access: 1 thrombosis of the left external iliac artery (distal to the endograft limb).
- No secondary intervention (manual compression was performed to occlude the 2 pseudoaneurysms).



Results

- AngioCTscan analysis depicted 20 endoleaks:
 - One proximal type I (2%)
 - 19 type II (38%)



Six-month follow up

- The survival rate at six months was 96%
 - Two patients died respectively three and four months after EVAR
 - Both deaths were not aneurysm related.



Six-month follow up

- All patients underwent an aorto-iliac control ultrasound exam 6 to 12 months after EVAR
- All endografts main bodies and limbs were patent
- Five endoleaks were depicted, all were type II endoleaks (the early type Ia endoleak had sealed spontaneously; it was confirmed by an angioCT scan).



Six-month follow up

- One patient presented six months after discharge a disabling claudication of the lower limbs:
 - Ultrasonography showed a significant stenosis of the left iliac limb with a narrow (18 mm) and calcified aortic bifurcation
 - A complementary procedure (bilateral iliac angioplasty and kissing balloon stenting of the iliac limbs with balloon expandable 10mm stents) was performed



Conclusions

• Excellent mid term outcomes

• Enhanced delivery system

• #1 option for EVAR at our institution

