

Are drug-eluting stents keeping their promises in the long term?

Samedi, 24 Janvier, 2015 – Lower limbs solved and unsolved questions

Michael D. Dake, M.D.

Department of Cardiothoracic Surgery
Stanford University School of Medicine
Stanford, California

On behalf of the Investigators

Michael Dake, MD

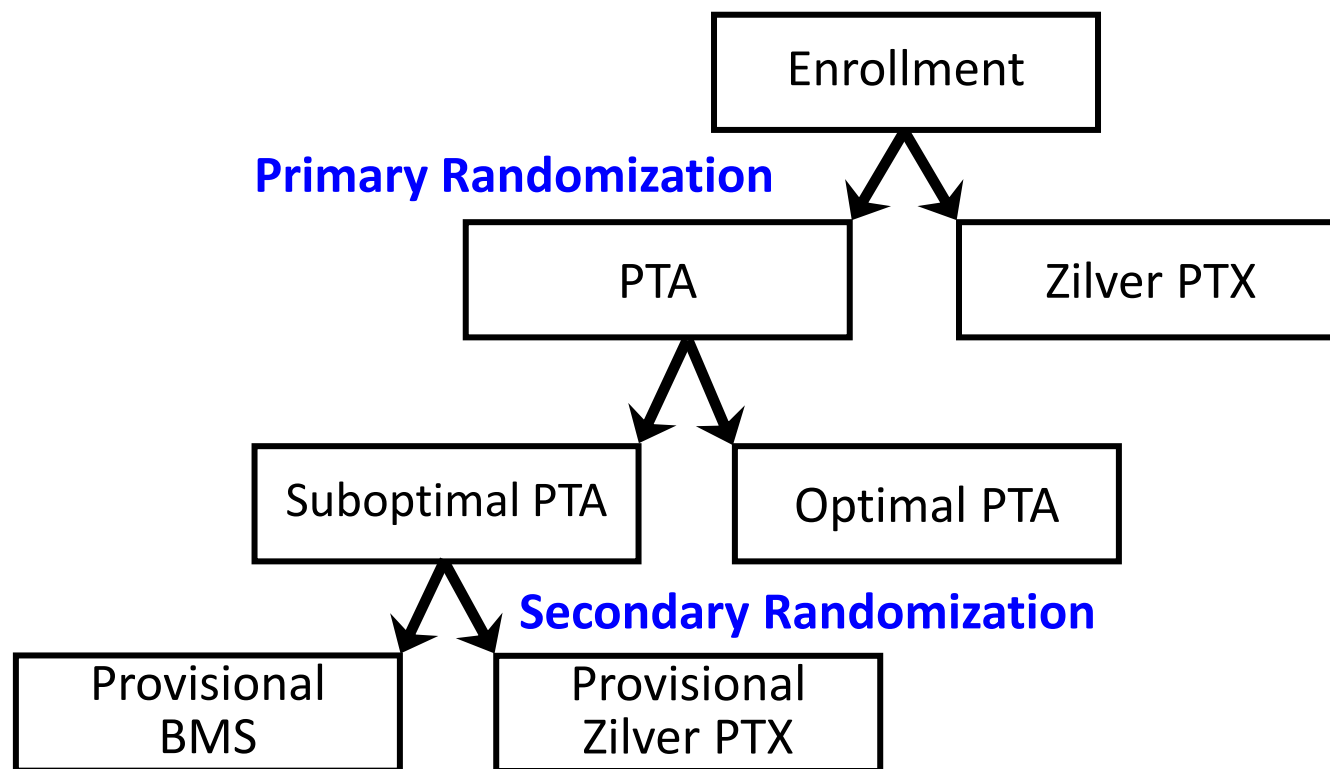
Within the past 12 months, the presenter or their spouse/partner have had a financial interest/arrangement or affiliation with the organization listed below.

- Research/Research Grants, Clinical Trial Support
 - W. L. Gore
 - Cook Medical
- Consulting Fees/Honoraria
 - W. L. Gore
 - Abbott Vascular
 - Medtronic
- Equity Interests/Stock Options
 - CVRx
 - Enopace
 - TriVascular
 - Cytograft Tissue Engineering
 - Microfabrica
 - 480 Medical
 - Arsenal
 - Intact Vascular
- Officer, Director, Board Member or other Fiduciary Role
 - VIVA Physicians Group
- Speaker's Bureau
 - None

Outline

- Study design and baseline characteristics
- Safety results through 5 years
 - Stent integrity
- Effectiveness results through 5 years
 - Zilver PTX vs. standard care
 - Provisional Zilver PTX vs. Provisional BMS
- Conclusions

Zilver PTX Study Design



Patient Demographics and Comorbidities

	PTA	Zilver PTX	<i>p</i>-value
Patients	238	236	
Age (years)	68 ± 11	68 ± 10	0.88
Male	64%	66%	0.70
Height (in)	66 ± 4	67 ± 4	0.55
Weight (lbs)	179 ± 44	180 ± 40	0.62
Diabetes	42%	50%	0.11
High cholesterol	70%	76%	0.12
Hypertension	82%	89%	0.02*
Past/current smoker	84%	86%	0.70

* Statistically significant

Baseline Lesion Characteristics

		PTA	Zilver PTX	p-value
Lesions		251	247	
Normal-to-normal lesion length (mm)		63 ± 41	66 ± 39	0.36
Stenosed lesion length (mm)^{1,2}		53 ± 40	55 ± 41	0.71
Diameter stenosis (%)¹		78 ± 17	80 ± 17	0.38
Total occlusions		27%	33%	0.20
<i>De novo</i> lesions		94%	95%	0.68
Lesion calcification¹	None	5%	2%	< 0.01*
	Little	38%	26%	
	Moderate	22%	35%	
	Severe	35%	37%	

¹ Angiographic core lab assessment

² Region with > 20% diameter stenosis

* Statistically significant

Outline

- Study design and baseline characteristics
- Safety results through 5 years
 - Stent integrity
- Effectiveness results through 5 years
 - Zilver PTX vs. standard care
 - Provisional Zilver PTX vs. Provisional BMS
- Conclusions

5-year Stent Integrity

Study Period	Number of New Events	Fracture Rate¹
Enrollment	0	0.0%
1-year	4	0.9%
3-year	3	1.9%
5-year	0	1.9%

¹ Kaplan-Meier estimates

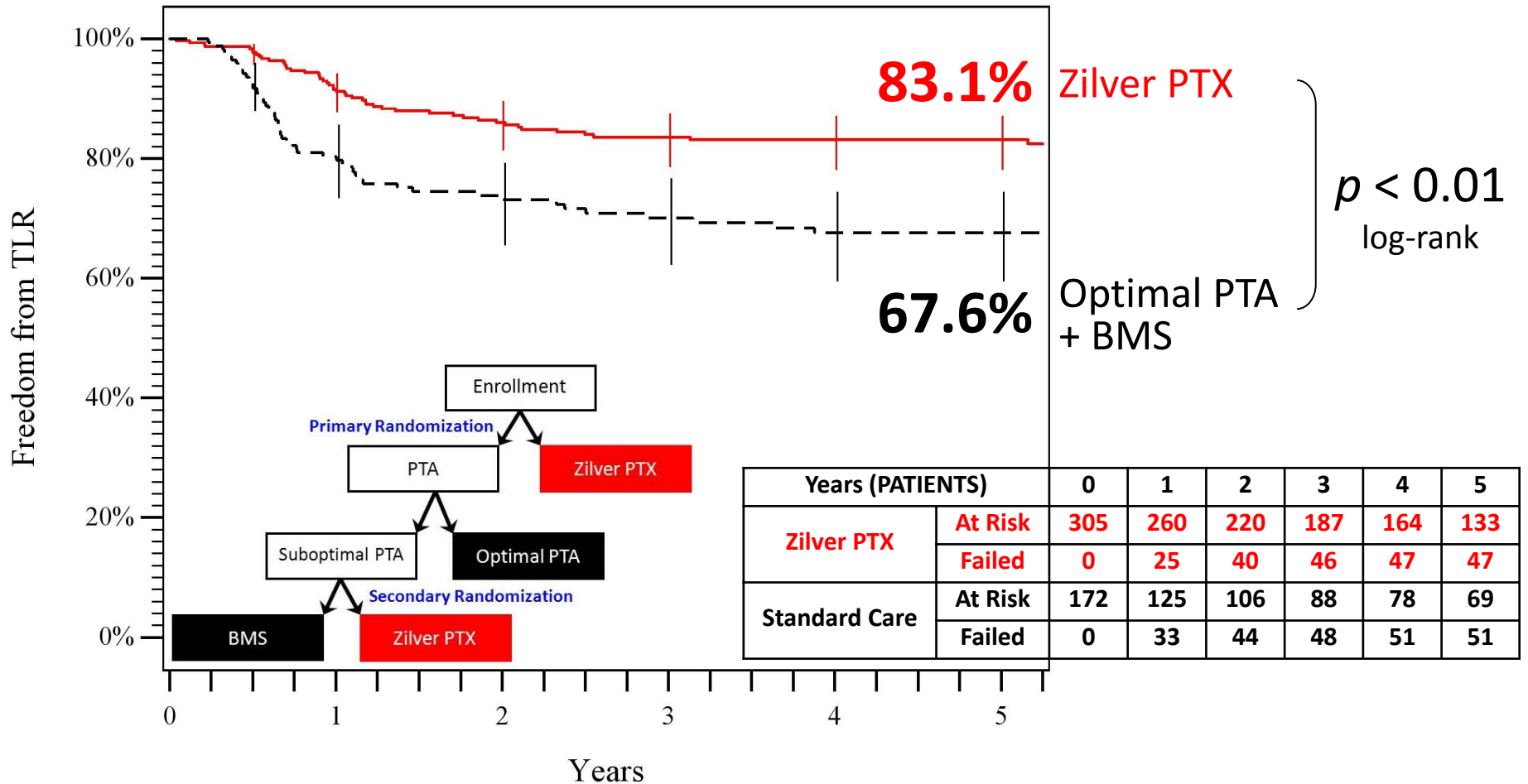
**Zilver PTX has excellent durability
in challenging SFA environment**

Outline

- Study design and baseline characteristics
- Safety results through 5 years
 - Stent integrity
- **Effectiveness results through 5 years**
 - Zilver PTX vs. standard care
 - Provisional Zilver PTX vs. Provisional BMS
- Conclusions

5-year Freedom from TLR

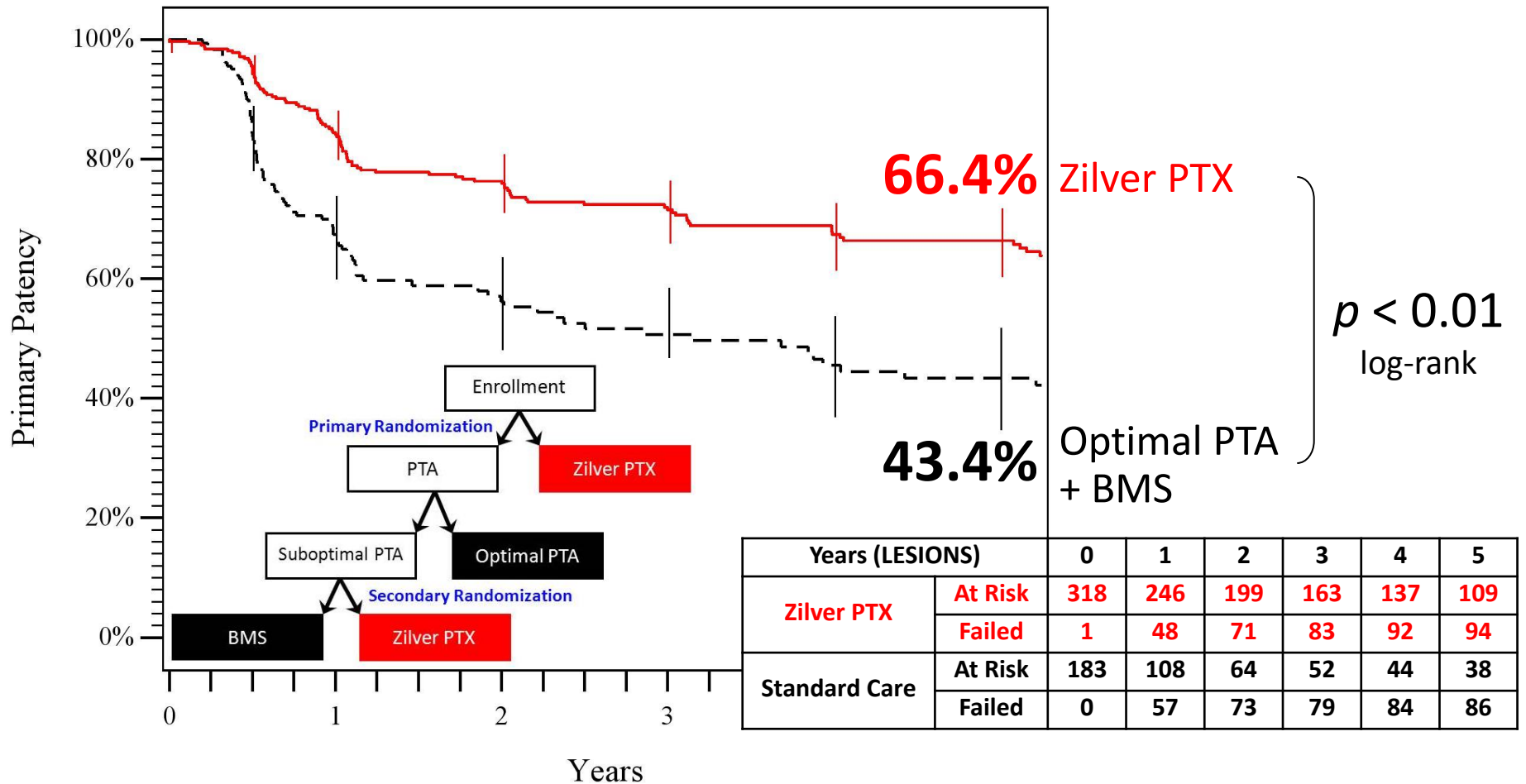
Zilver PTX vs. Standard Care



At 5 years, Zilver PTX demonstrates a 48% reduction in reintervention compared to standard care

5-year Primary Patency (PSVR < 2.0)

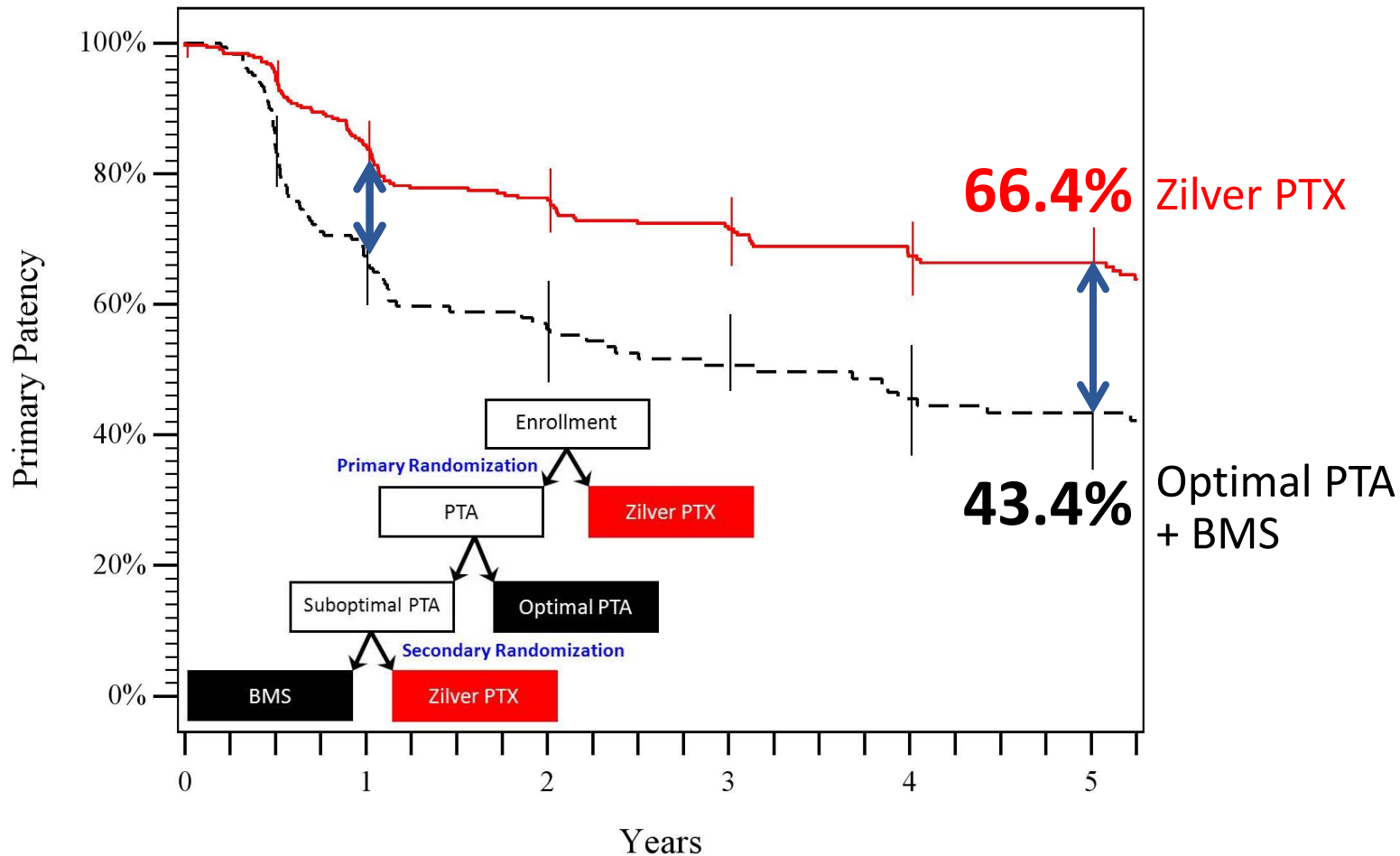
Zilver PTX vs. Standard Care



At 5 years, Zilver PTX demonstrates a 41% reduction in restenosis compared to standard care

5-year Primary Patency (PSVR < 2.0)

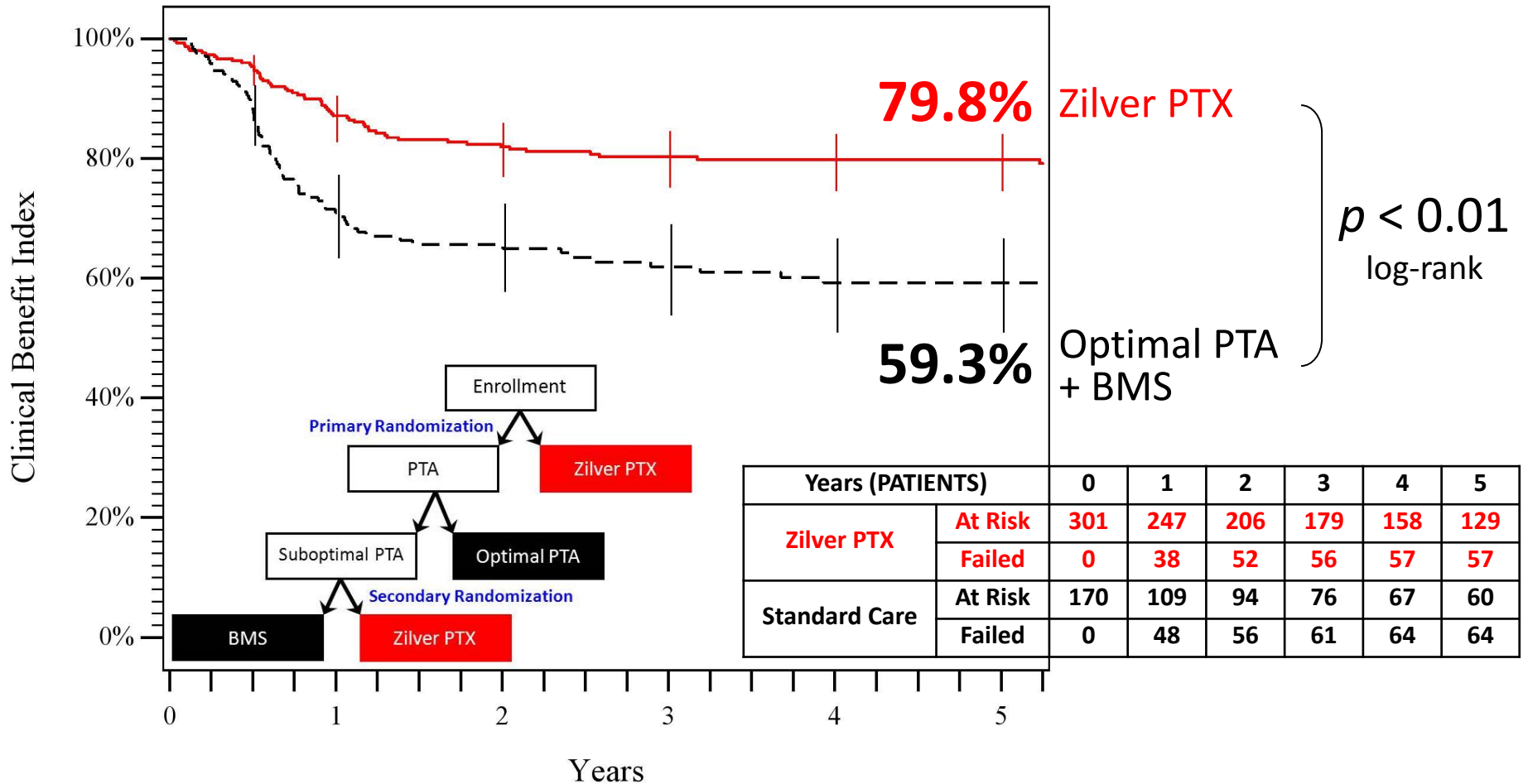
Zilver PTX vs. Standard Care



From 1-5 years, the relative separation increases by 35%

5-year Clinical Benefit Index

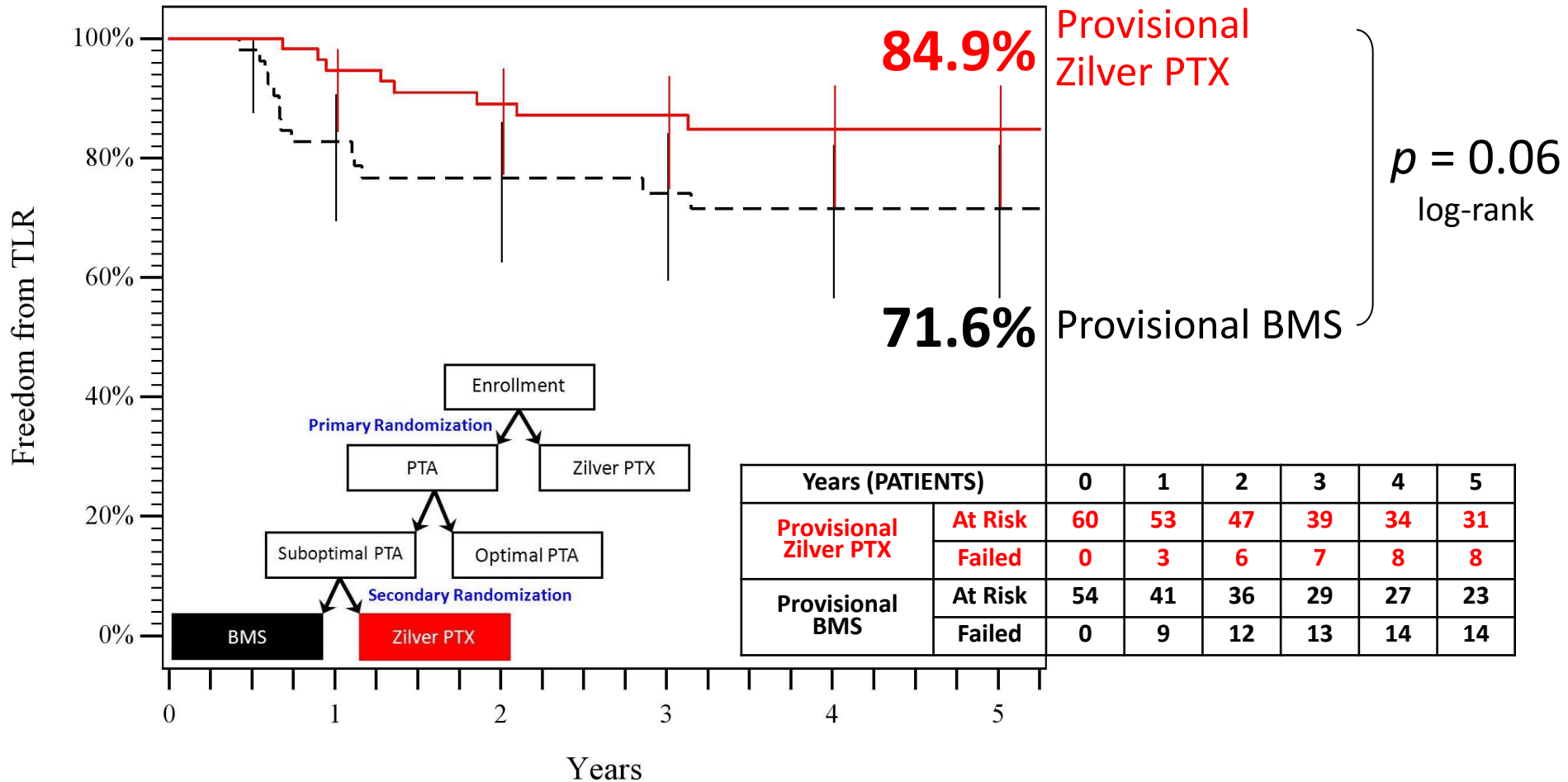
Zilver PTX vs. Standard Care



At 5 years, Zilver PTX has a superior rate of freedom from persistent or worsening claudication, rest pain, ulcer, or tissue loss

5-year Freedom from TLR

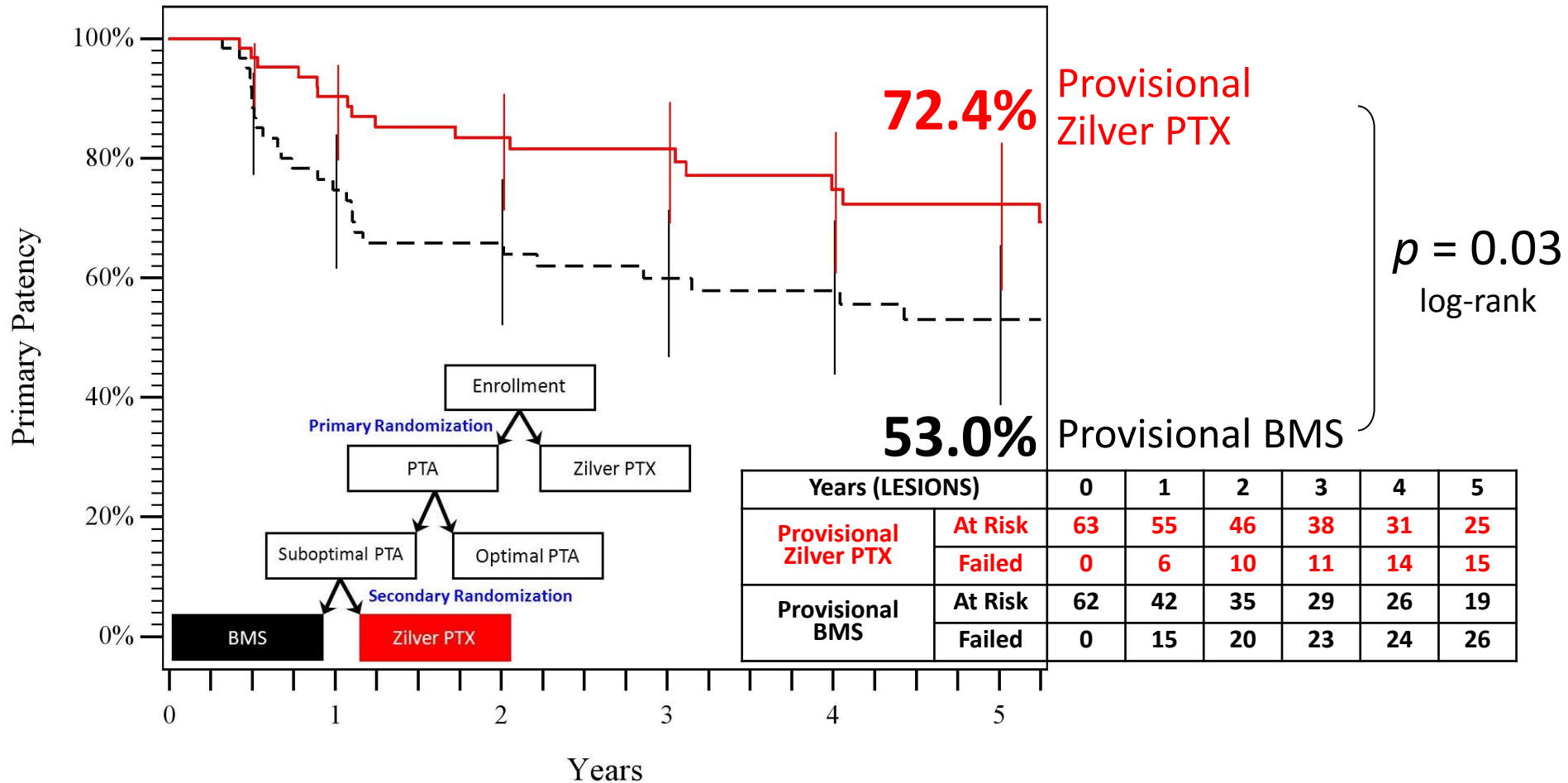
Provisional Zilver PTX vs. BMS



At 5 years, Zilver PTX demonstrates a 47% reduction in reintervention compared to BMS

5-year Primary Patency (PSVR < 2.0)

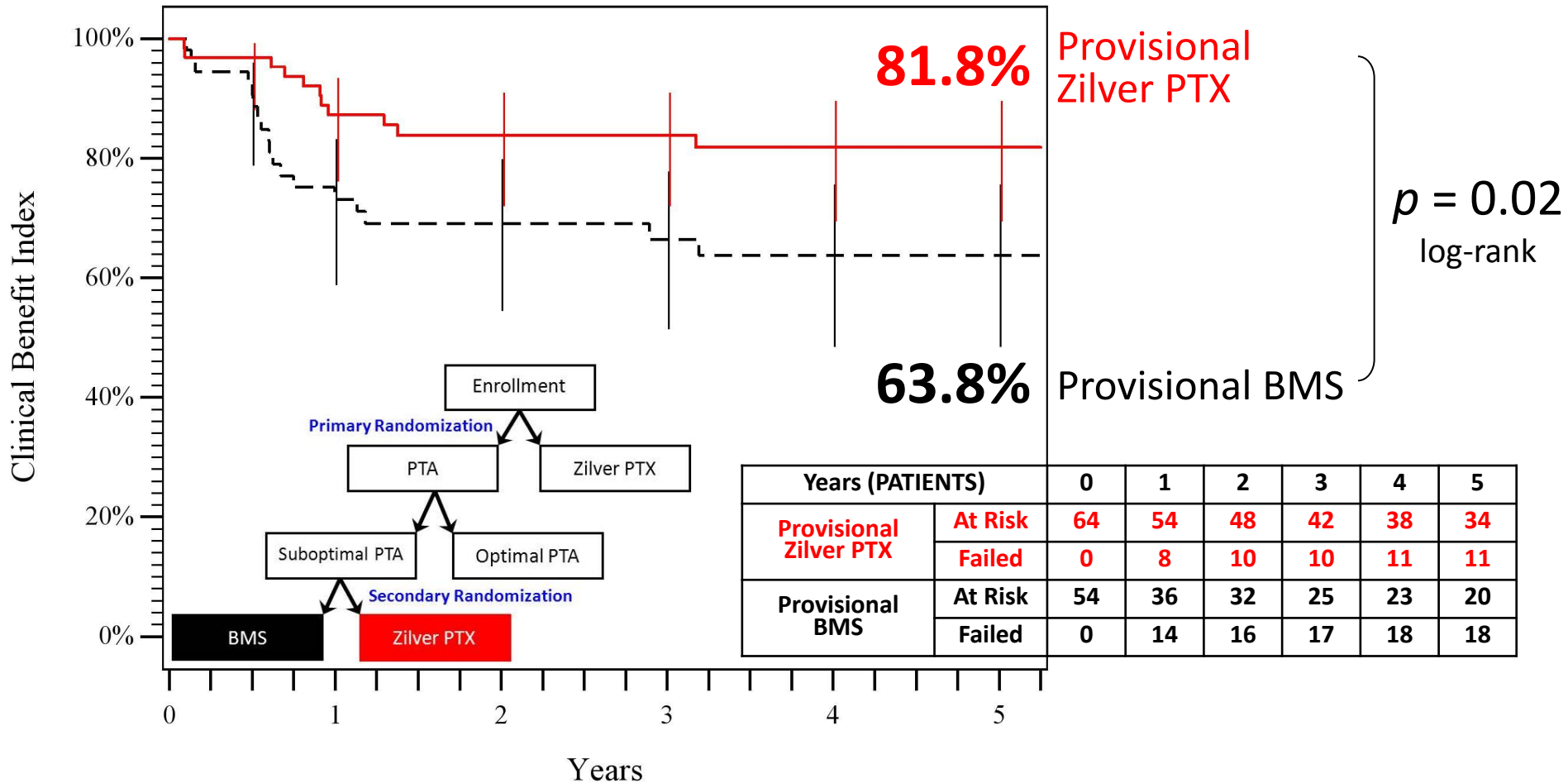
Provisional Zilver PTX vs. BMS



At 5 years, Zilver PTX demonstrates a 41% reduction in restenosis compared to BMS

5-year Clinical Benefit Index

Provisional Zilver PTX vs. BMS



At 5 years, Zilver PTX has a superior rate of freedom from persistent or worsening claudication, rest pain, ulcer, or tissue loss

Conclusions for 5-year Zilver PTX RCT

- As the first randomized controlled SFA device trial with 5-year follow-up, these results with the Zilver PTX stent provide important insights regarding long-term outcomes for endovascular treatment
- 5-year data for Zilver PTX versus standard care
 - Greater than 40% reduction in reintervention and restenosis
 - Superior clinical benefit
 - These benefits increase with time – results with Zilver PTX continue to diverge from standard care over 5 years with no late catch-up
- 5-year results confirm long-term superiority of Zilver PTX versus bare metal stents