

CACVS 2017



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Drug Eluting Balloons: Are the results durable ?

Koen Keirse, MD

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Belgium

Disclosure slide

Speaker name: **Koen Keirse, MD**

- I have the following potential conflicts of interest to report:
 - Consulting
 - Employment in industry
 - Stockholder of a healthcare company
 - Owner of a healthcare company
 - Other(s)
- I do not have any potential conflict of interest

Will DEB be the future for the SFA? DURABLE ?

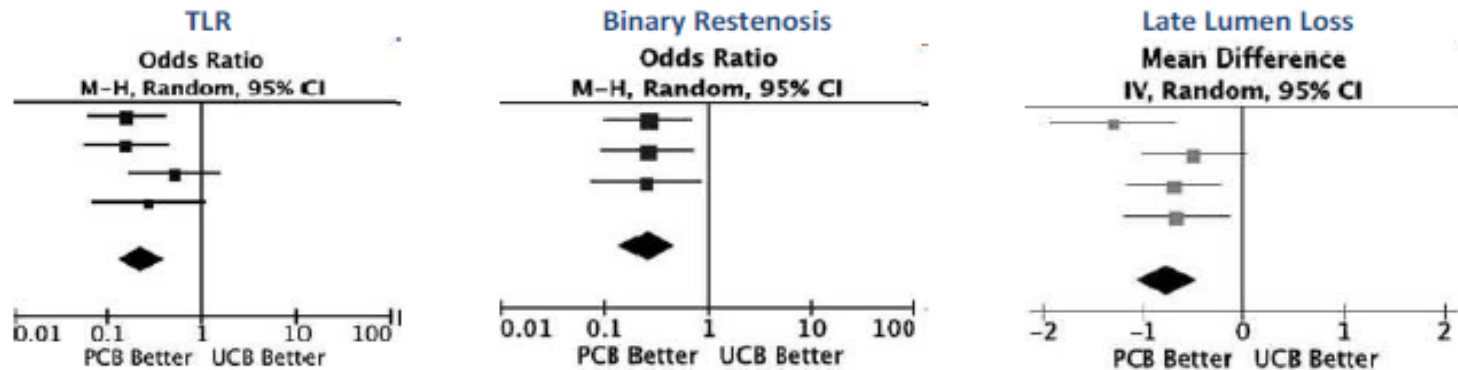


Need for ... more studies ... more time ?

The evidence behind the enthusiasm

- 5 proof-of-concept Trials
- 6 Randomized
- 2-year Functional Outcomes
- 5-year Clinical Follow up (TLR)
- 2 meta-analyses
- All support DEB in TASC A+B lesions
- Promising initial evidence building on long, TASC C-D lesions and ISR

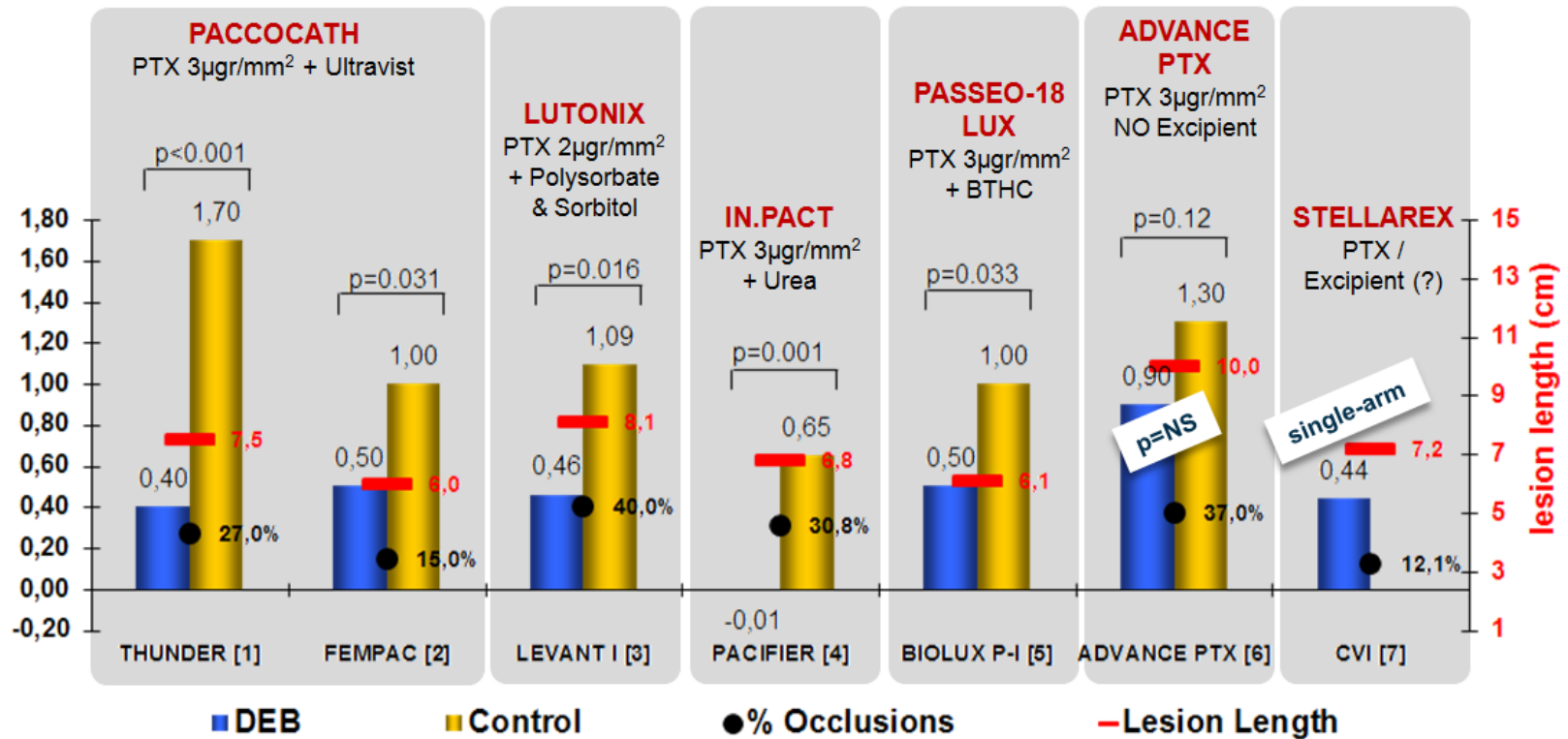
Meta Analysis of major endpoints: Drug Eluting Balloon (PCB) vs. Uncoated Balloon (UCB)



G.Tepe et al. THUNDER N Engl J Med 2008; M.Werk et al. FEMPAC Circulation. 2008; D.Scheinert LEVANT I TCT 2010 Oral Presentation; M.Werk et al. PACIFIER Circ Cardiovasc Interv. 2012; Cassese et al. Circulation CI 2012 / Cassese et al. TCT abstract #173

Proof of concept

7 Trials / 6 DCB Technologies (6-month LLL Primary Endpoint)



[1] G.Tepe et al. - NEJM 2008; [2] M.Werk et al. - Circulation 2008; [3] D.Scheinert - TCT 2012 oral presentation; [4] M.Werk et al. - Circulation CI 2012; [5] D.Scheinert - EuroPCR 2012 oral presentation; [6] D.Scheinert - LINC 2013 oral presentation; [7] S.Duda - EuroPCR 2013 oral presentation

Remarks concerning DEB of SFA

- RCT data confirms First-in-Human study results (TASC A B)
- Global trials for real-world lesions show promising results also including longer and complexer lesions


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- Safety Endpoints seems no issue (acceptable MAE rates)
- Feasibility seems no issue (low bail-out stenting rates)

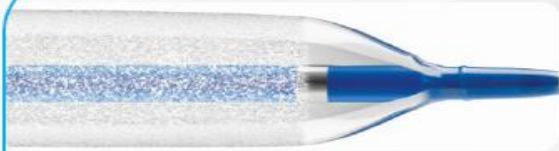
Remarks concerning DEB of SFA

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- Improved Clinical Outcome has been demonstrated (WQ, Rutherford and ABI)

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- Global trials for real-world lesions show promising results also including longer and complex lesions
- Safety Endpoints seems no issue (acceptable MAE rates)
- Feasibility seems no issue (low bail-out stenting rates)
- Improved Clinical  en demonstrated (WQ, Rutherford a
- Effectiveness is judged by Primary Patency and TLR rates
- Most available results, however, are limited to 12-24 months

Stellarex™ Drug-Coated Angioplasty Balloon




EnduraCoat™ technology:

- Low dose paclitaxel, 2 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mm}^2$
- Excipient: Polyethylene Glycol (PEG)
- Proprietary open-folded coating technology

Balloon catheter features:

- Catheter shaft designed for pushability
- Low 0.039" tip entry profile
- Flexible balloon and tip for tracking through tortuous anatomy



Balloon Catheter

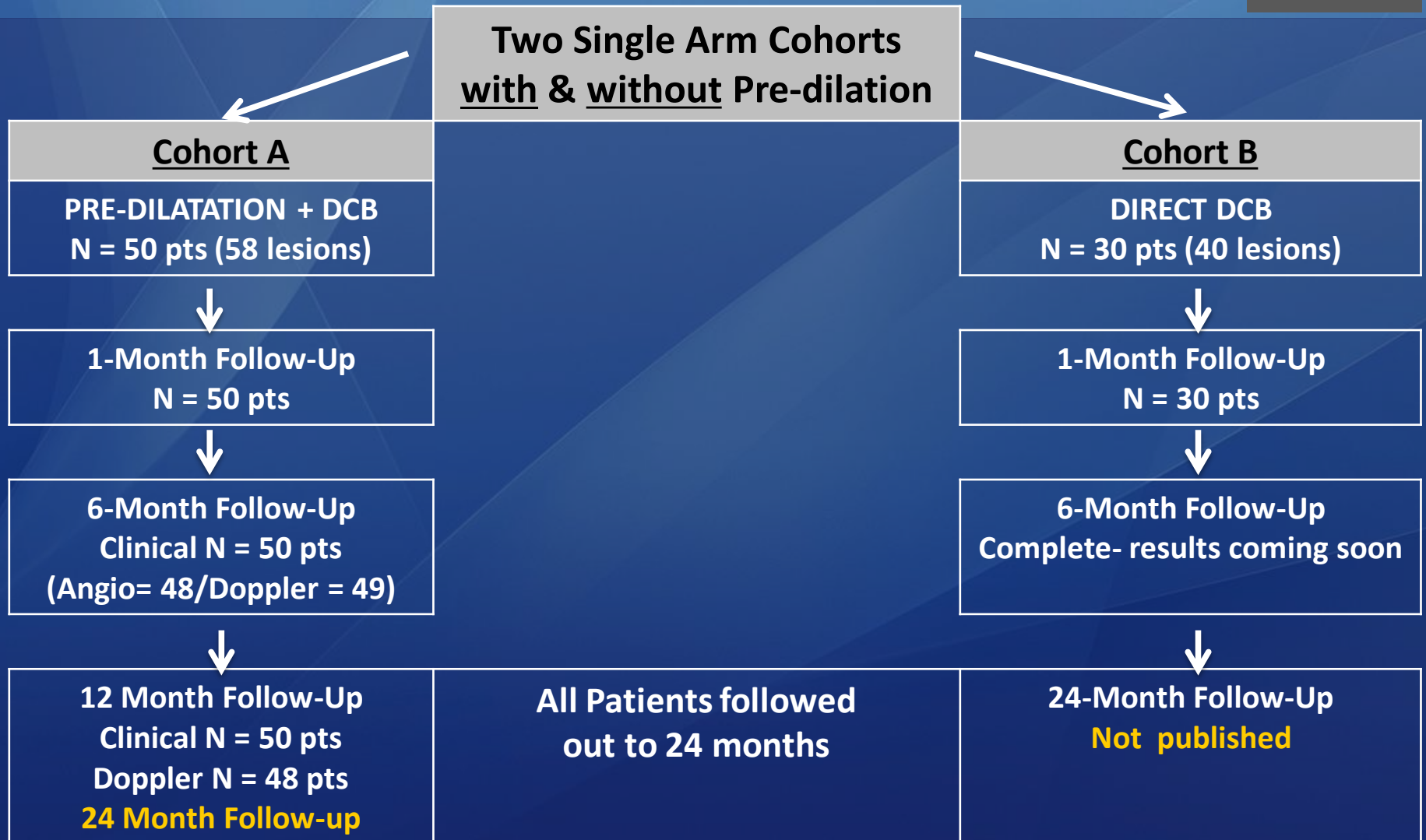
- Covidien EverCross™ 0.035 PTA Balloon Catheter
- Balloon sizes: 4-6 mm diameter, 40, 80 120 mm length

Proprietary Coating Process

- Demonstrated high patency rates in early outcomes
- Durable paclitaxel carrier (2.0 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mm}^2$) for optimized drug delivery
- Uniform coating of balloon treatment area

ILLUMENATE FIH Study Flow Chart

2011-2012
n 78



Durability ?

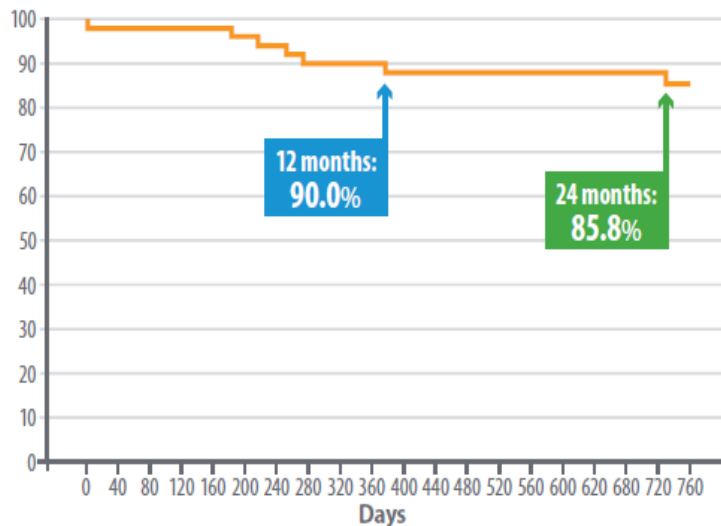
Primary Patency at 24 Months: 80.3 %

compares favorably to other FIH DEB 24-months patency rates

TLR at 24 Months: 14.2 %

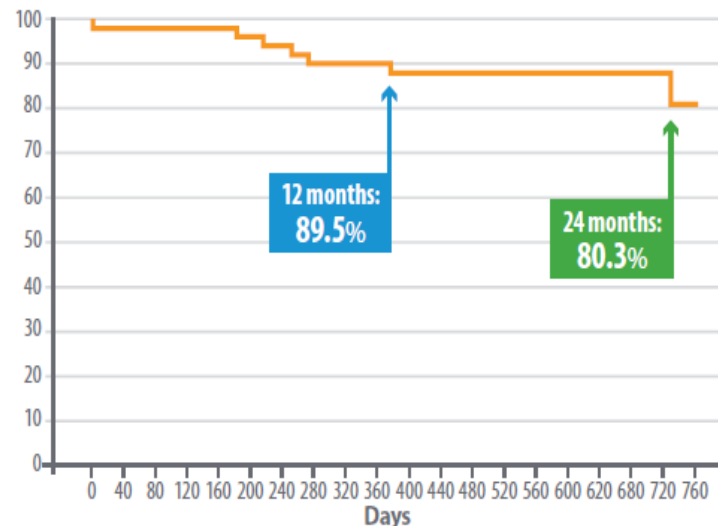
minimal drop off from 12 months through 24 months

Freedom from Clinically-driven
Target Lesion Revascularization



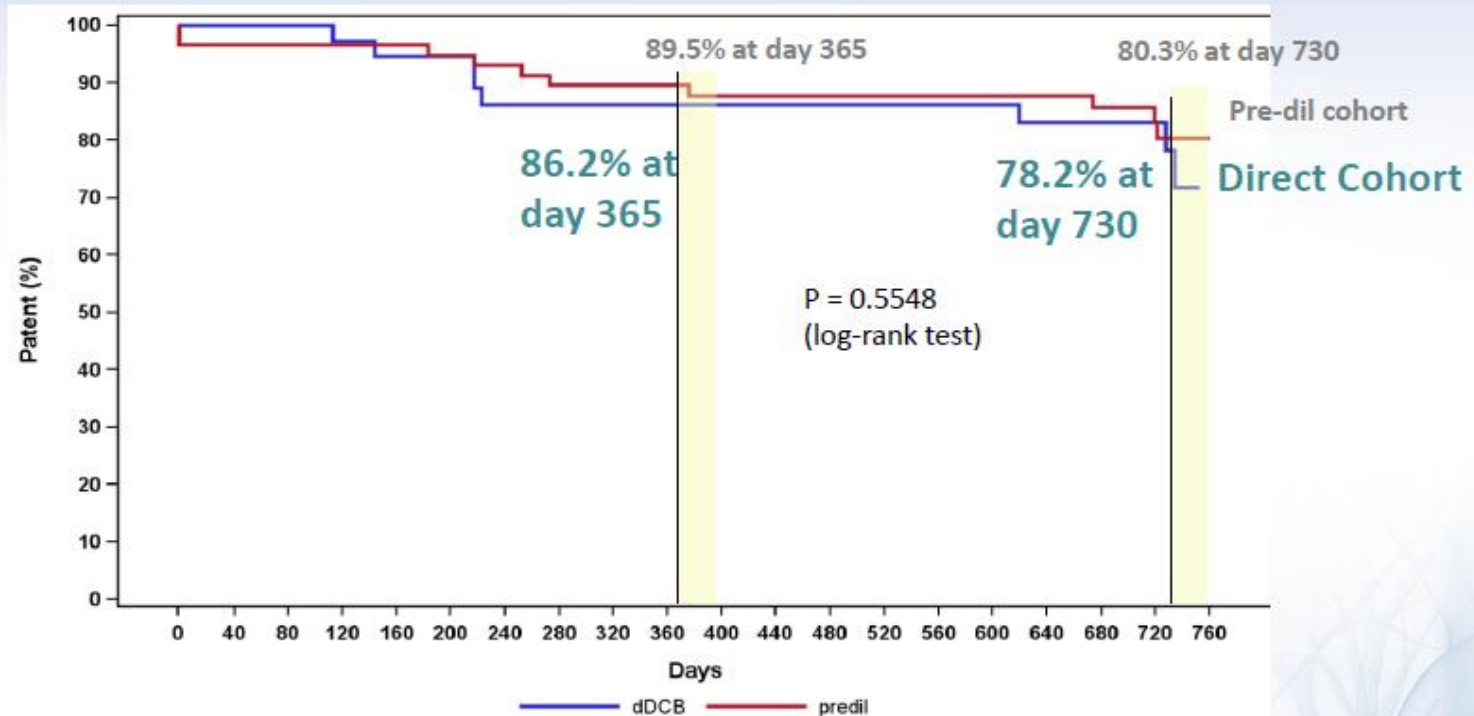
Clinically- driven TLR by KM estimation at upper level
of FU intervals = 87.9% (390-day) and 85.8% (760-day)

Primary Patency (PSVR < 2.5)



Primary Patency rates by KM estimation at upper level
of FU intervals = 87.7% (390-day) and 80.3% (760-day)

Primary Patency



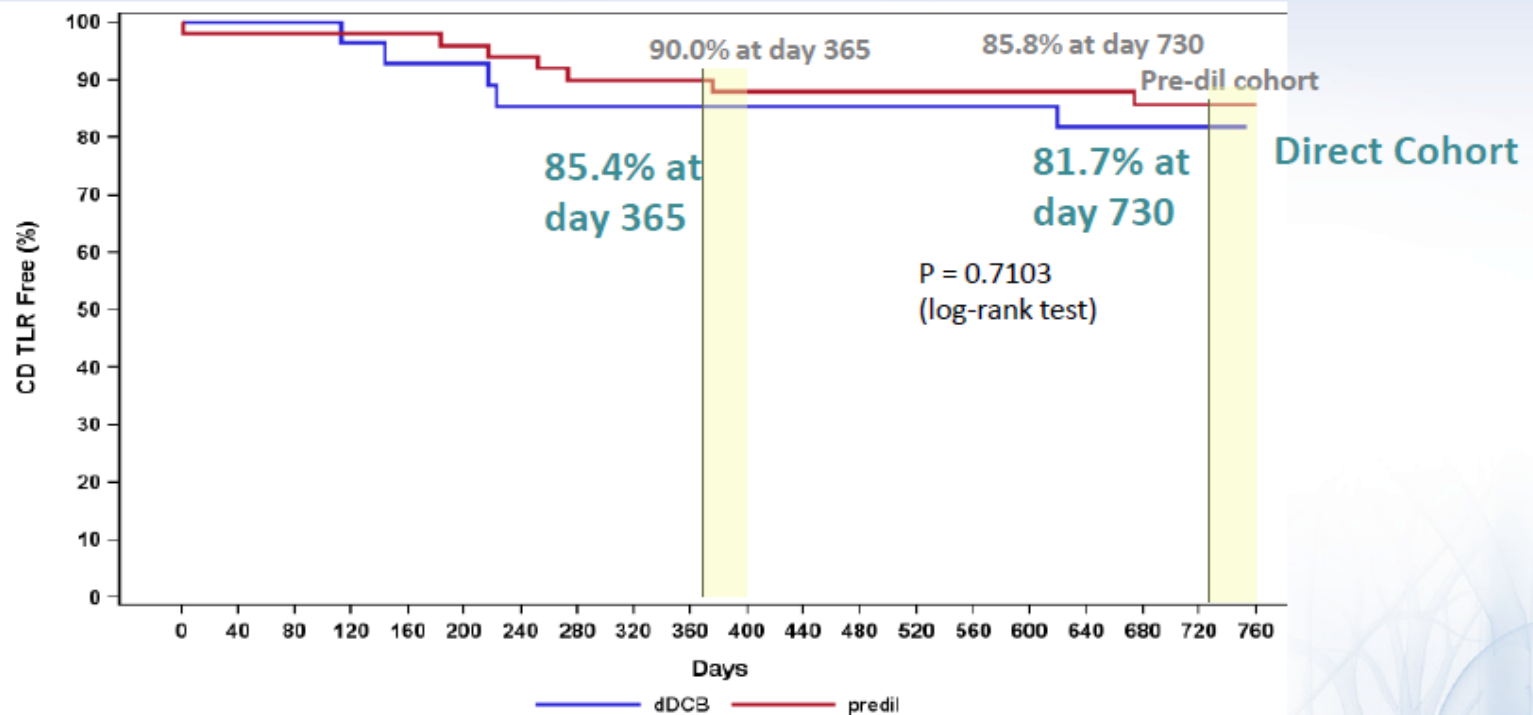
dDCB	37	37	37	36	35	34	31	31	31	29	27	27	27	27	27	26	26	22	0
predil	58	56	56	56	55	54	53	51	51	50	46	46	46	46	45	45	44	32	5

Primary Patency survival estimates at upper bound of follow up windows for 1 and 2 years:
 pre-dil cohort: 87.9% at 395-day and 80.3% at 760-day
 direct cohort: 86.2% at 395-day and 71.7% at 753-day (last observed follow up)



Two TLRs in direct cohort were due to thrombotic occlusions in patients that were not compliant with prescribed anti-platelet medications

Freedom from TLR



dDCB	28	28	28	27	26	25	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	22	22	18	0	
predil	50	49	49	49	49	48	47	45	45	44	42	42	42	41	41	41	40	30	6

Freedom from TLR survival estimates at upper bound of follow up windows for 1 and 2 years:
 pre-dil cohort: 87.9% at 395-day and 85.8% at 760-day
 direct cohort: 85.4% at 395-day and 81.7% at 753-day (last observed follow up)

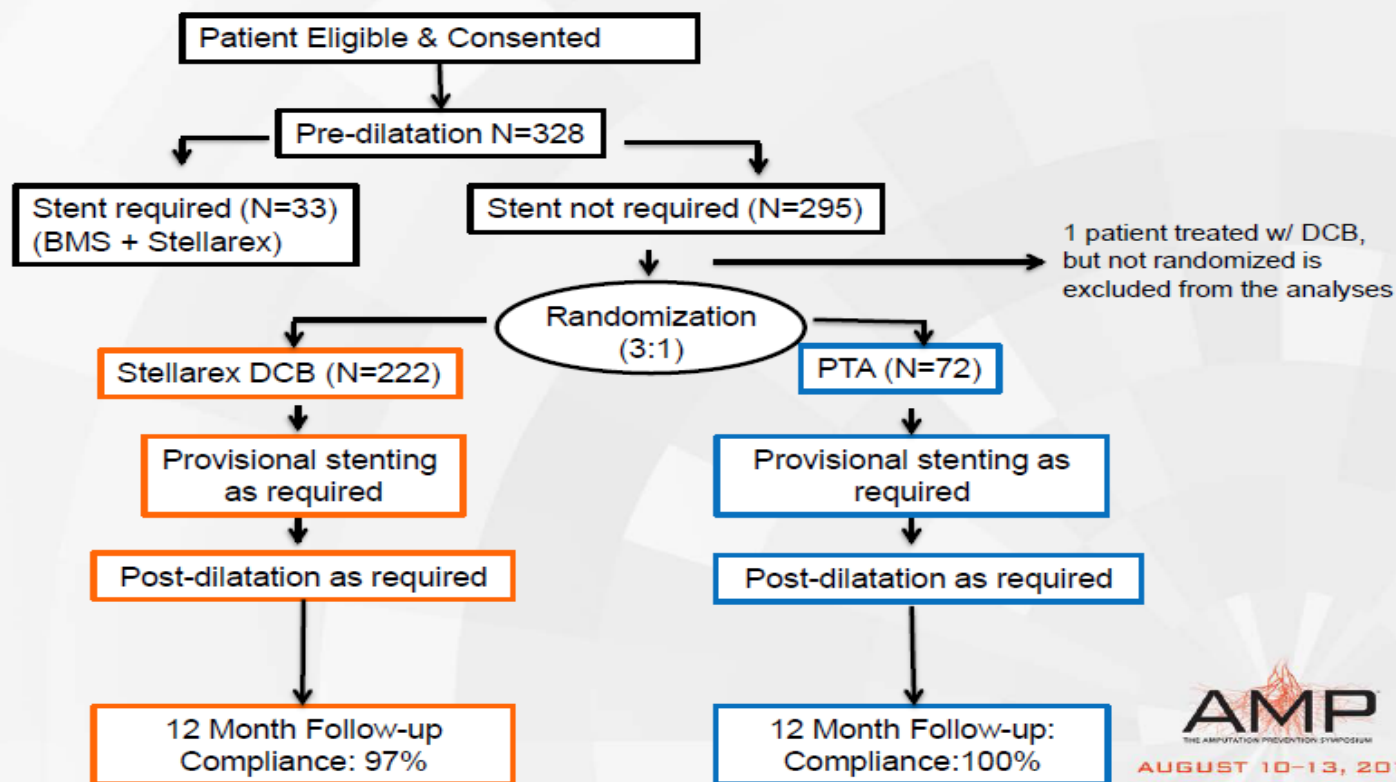
Two TLRs in direct cohort were due to thrombotic occlusions in patients that were not compliant with prescribed anti-platelet medications



ILLUMENATE EU RCT

2011-2012
n 294

ILLUMENATE EU RCT Trial Design

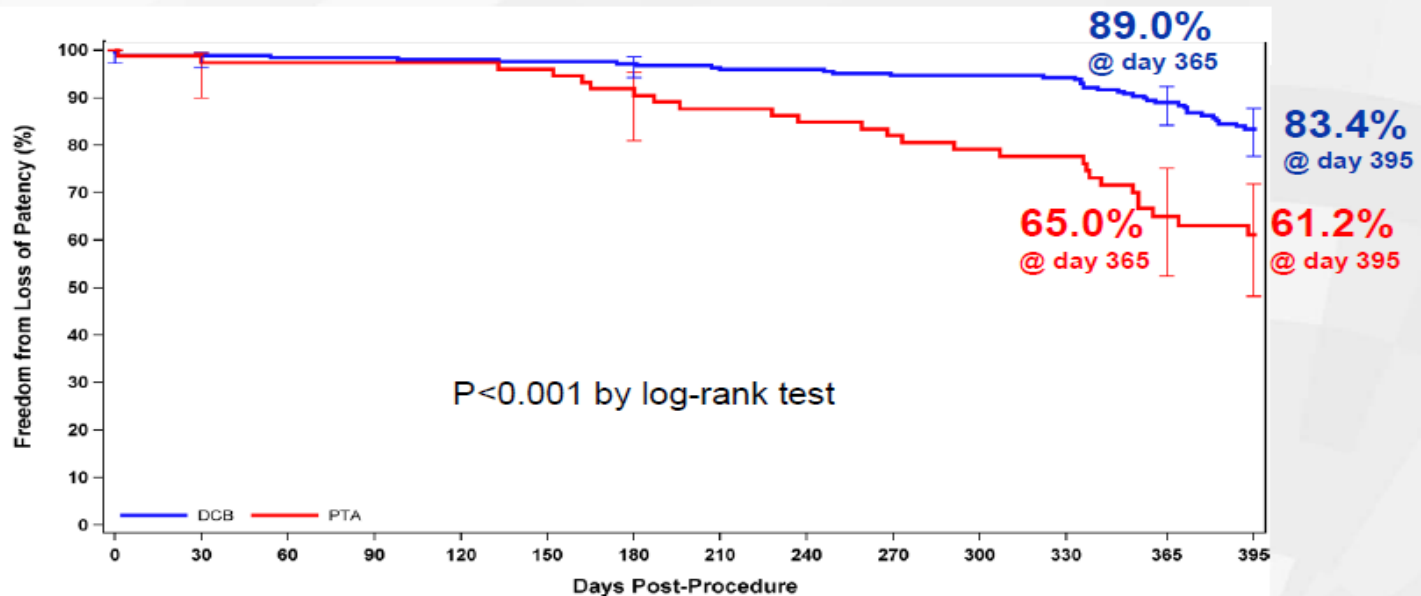


AMP
THE AMPUTATION PREVENTION SYMPOSIUM
AUGUST 10-13, 2016

ILLUMENATE EU RCT

Primary Patency at 12 Months: 89.0%

ILLUMENATE EU RCT ITT Data Set



Primary patency is defined as freedom from restenosis (determined by duplex ultrasound PSVR threshold of 2.5) and freedom from clinically-driven TLR at 12 months. Assessed per lesion. KM estimates reported at day 395 to capture all patients and events within the full (and legitimate) 335-395 follow-up window. Rates from the middle of the protocol visit window (365 days) reported for consistency and comparative purposes with other trials.

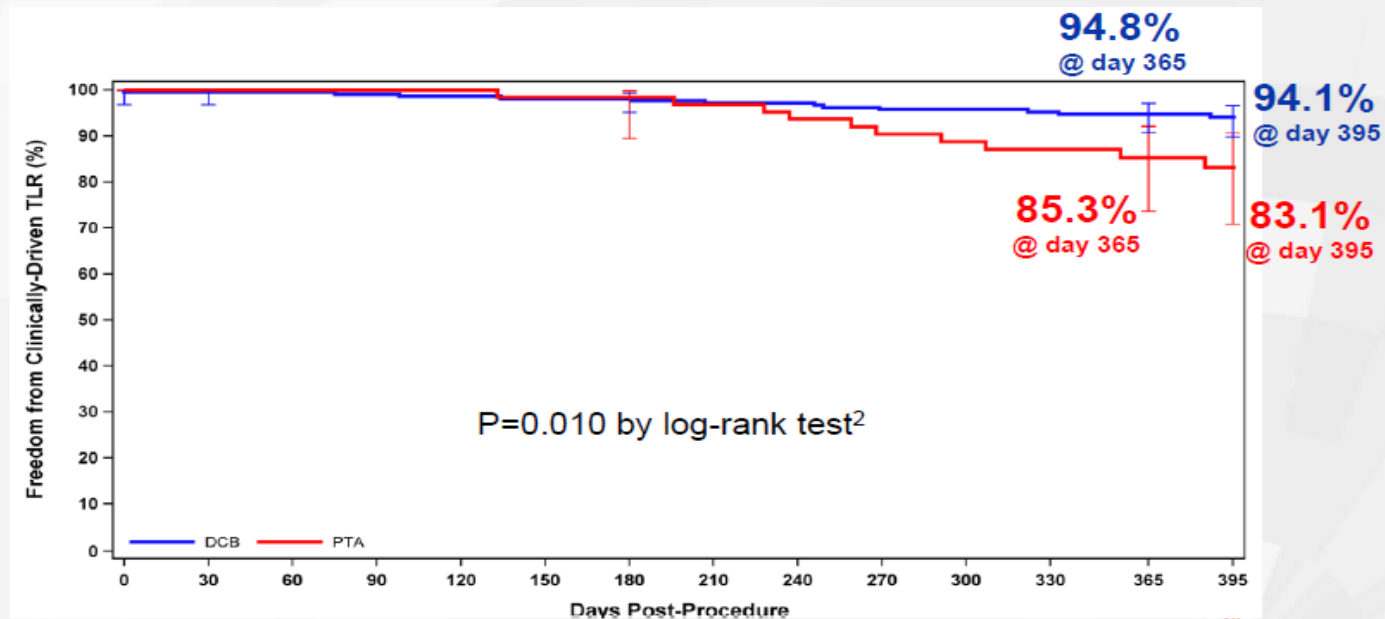
AMP
THE AMPUTATION PREVENTION SYMPOSIUM
AUGUST 10-13, 2016

For EU Data Release only: 00000005-00-000000

ILLUMENATE EU RCT

CD-TLR¹ Free at 12 Months: 94.8%

ILLUMENATE EU RCT ITT³ Data Set



1. Clinically-driven TLR defined as reintervention due to PSVR \geq 2.5 (or >50% stenosis via angio) due to an increase in the RCC >1 category or deterioration in the ABI by >0.15 compared to maximum early post-procedural level. Per subject analysis.

2. Descriptive, post-hoc analyses; Hypothesis testing was not pre-specified. Log-rank p-value is post-hoc.

3. As-treated data set is considered the primary data set for the endpoint

AMP
THE AMPUTATION PREVENTION SYMPOSIUM
AUGUST 10-13, 2016

ILLUMINATE EU RCT

Endpoint	DEB	PTA	p-value
12 months			
Primary patency @ 12m	89.0 %	65.0 %	P < 0.001
Freedom CD – TLR	94.8 %	85.3 %	P = 0.010
24 months			
Primary patency @ 24m			
Freedom CD – TLR			

ILLUMINATE Pivotal Trial (RCT)

2012-2015
n 300

Endpoint	DEB	PTA	p-value
12 months			
Primary patency @ 12m	82.3 %	70.9 %	
Freedom CD – TLR @ 12m	93.6 %	87.3 %	
24 months			
Primary patency @ 24m			
Freedom CD – TLR			

POOLED DATA from 2 RCT

DEB

Endpoint

Primary patency @ 12m

86.0 %

Freedom CD – TLR @ 12m

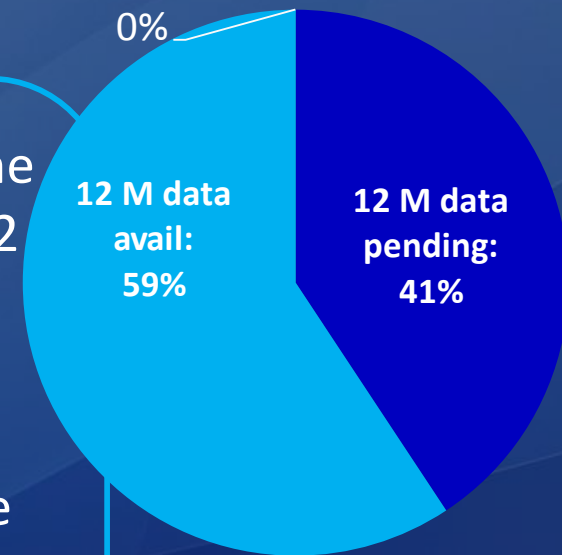
94.2 %

ILLUMENATE Global Study

2013-2015
n 371

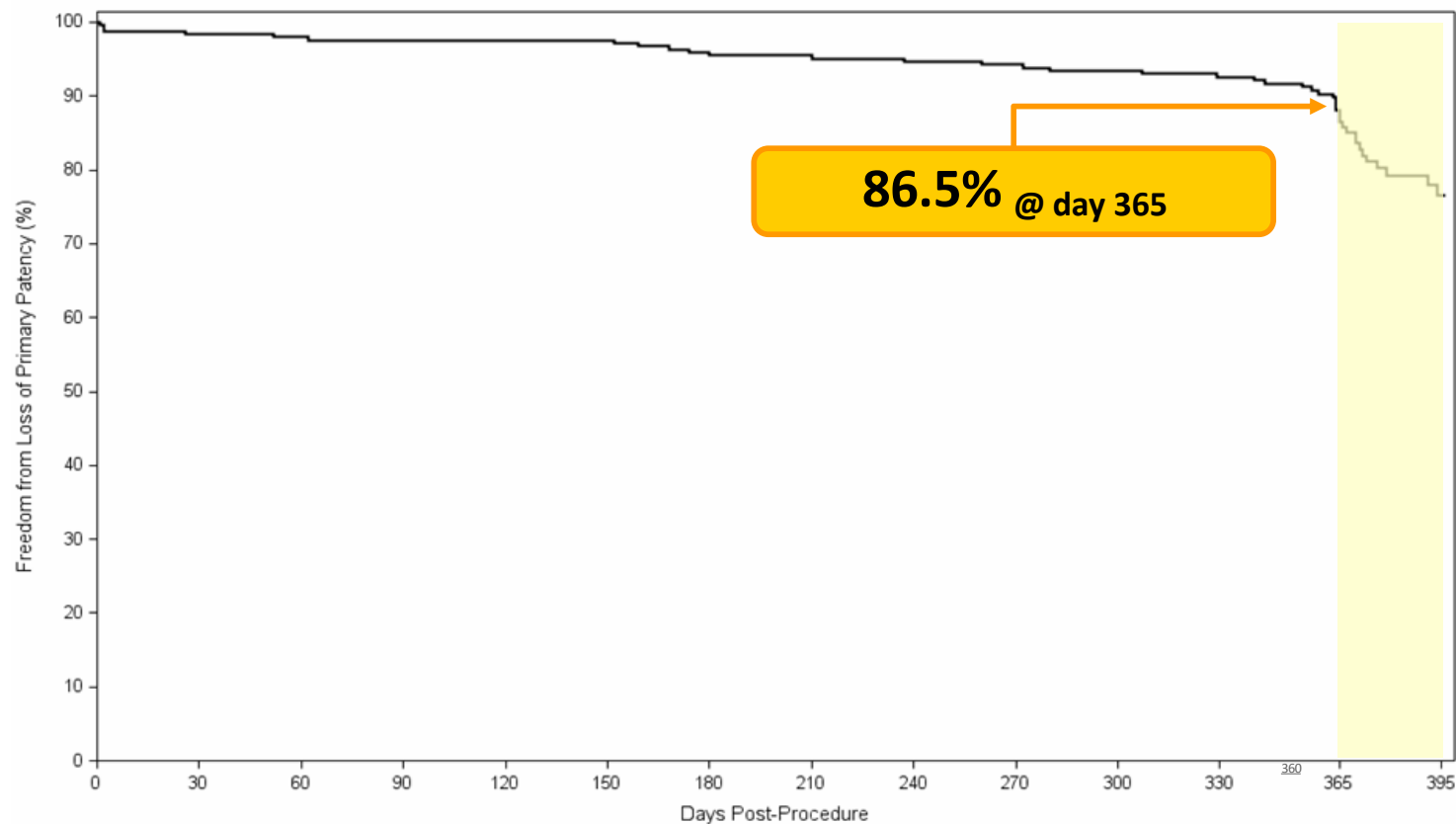
Second Interim Analysis

- The following Interim analysis includes data on the first 220 subjects who have been seen for their 12 month follow-up visit
- N=220 subjects (of the 371 enrolled)
- All presented data/images were monitored, adjudicated and assessed by the appropriate core lab as outlined in the protocol
- ITT analysis



Freedom From Loss of Primary Patency

by Duplex Core Lab Evaluation

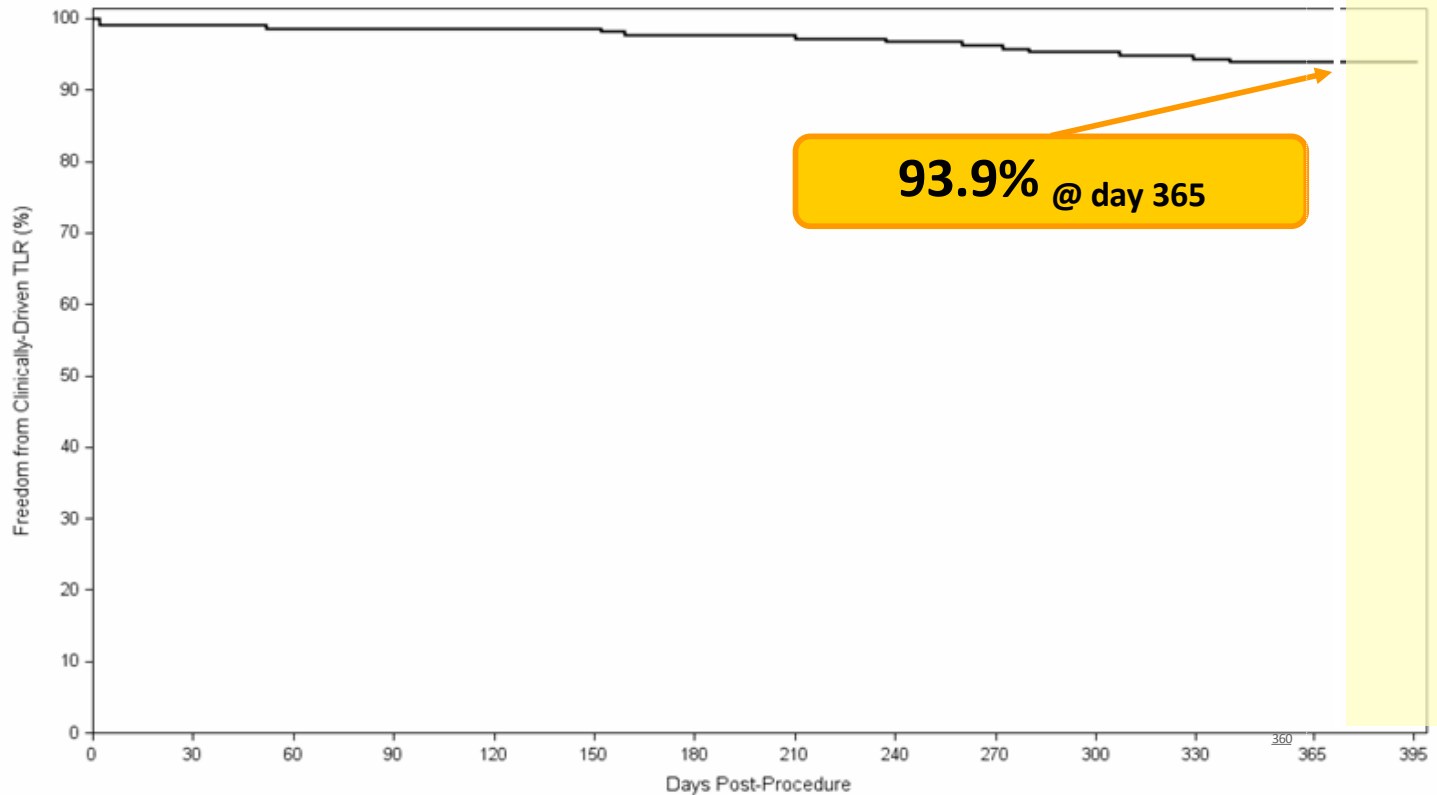


Day	0	30			360	365	395
At Risk	247	242		232	185	158	57
Event	0	4		11	23	30	41
Survival (%)	100	98.4		95.5	90.3	86.5	76.6

Primary Patency defined as freedom from Duplex derived restenosis (PSVR ≤ 2.5) and clinically-driven TLR
 Number at risk at day 395 is 57 since follow-up is still in progress

Freedom From CD-TLR*

by Clinical Events Committee Adjudication



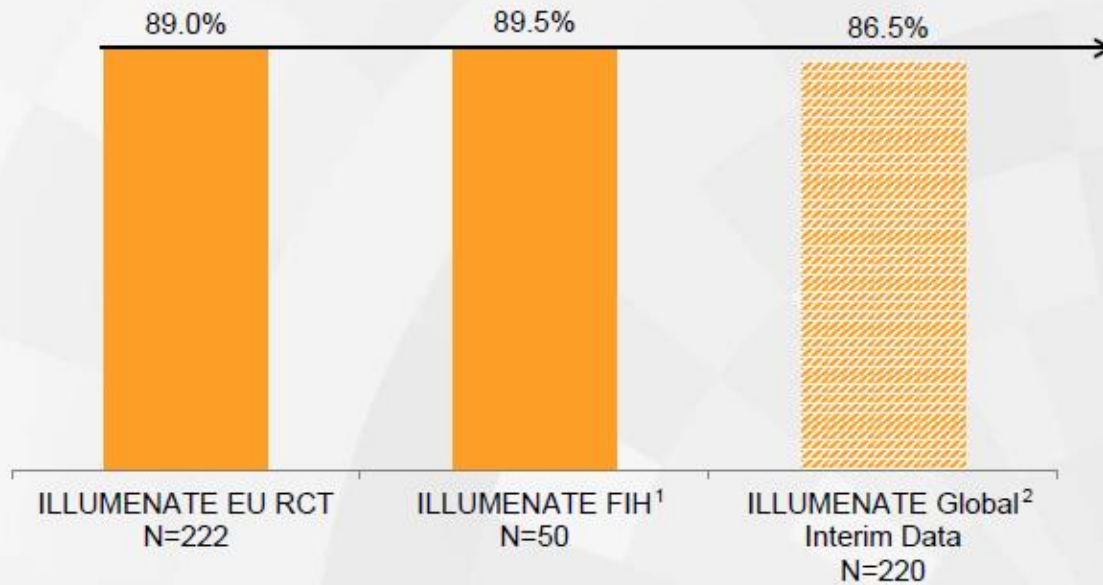
Day	0	30	180	360	365	395
At	220	217	208	168	143	54
Event	0	2	5	13	13	13
Survival (%)	100	99.1	97.7	93.9	93.9	93.9

* Defined as revascularization associated with PSVR ≥ 2.5 or $>50\%$ stenosis via angiogram and worsening of RCC by more than 1 or ABL decrease of >0.15 from the maximum early post-procedure level, that is clearly referable to the target lesion

ILLUMINATE Conclusions

- RCT data (2) confirms First-in-Human study results
- The Stellarex is a low-dose DEB with consistently positive results (significant improved compared to PTA):
- RCT:
 - Primary Patency @ 12m: 86.0 %
 - Freedom from CD-TLR @ 12m: 94.2 %
- ILLUMINATE Global trial will provide more data and shows promising results concerning durability

Consistent Patency Rates Observed across 3 separate studies with Stellarex

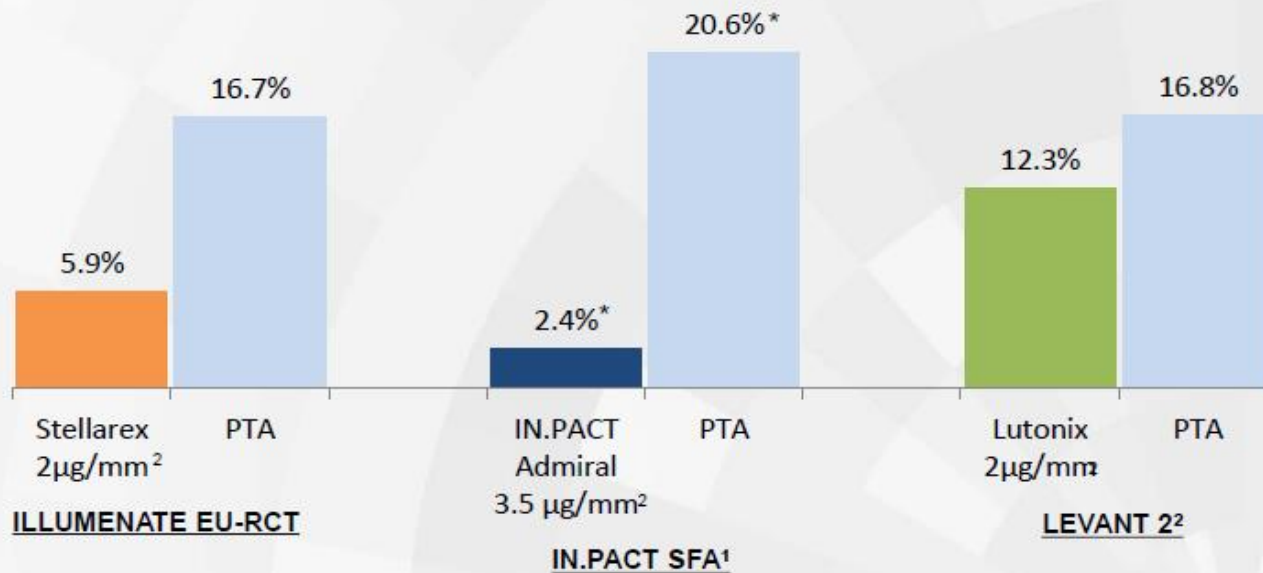


AUGUST 10-13, 2016

Kaplan-Meier estimates at day 365 shown

1. H. Schroeder et al. *Catheter Cardiovasc Interv.* 86:278-286 (2015). 2. P. Krishnan oral presentation. NCVH, New Orleans, June 2016.

Data in Context: Clinically-Driven TLR at 12 Months



* Includes only data through day 360, other studies report data through full follow-up window (day 395)

1. Tepe G, Laird J, Schneider P, et al. Drug-coated balloon versus standard percutaneous transluminal angioplasty for the treatment of superficial femoral and popliteal peripheral artery disease: 12-month results from the IN.PACT SFA randomized trial. *Circulation*. 2015;131(5):495-502 2. Rosenfield K, Jaff MR, White CJ et al. *NEJM* 2015;373:145-53.

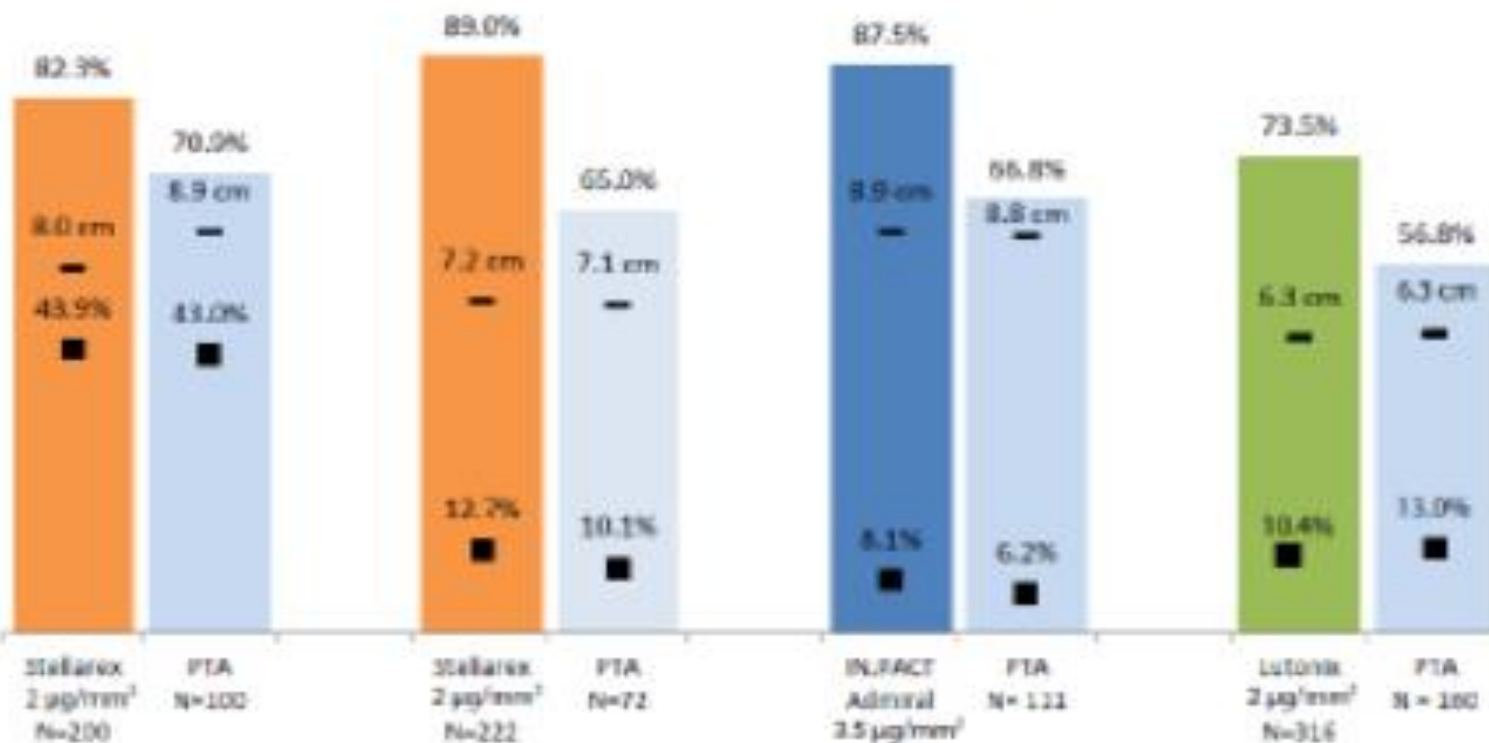


AUGUST 10-13, 2016

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Primary Patency at 12 Months*

■ Severe Calcium ■ Lesion Length (cm)



ILLUMENATE
US PIVOTAL⁴

ILLUMENATE
EU RCT⁵

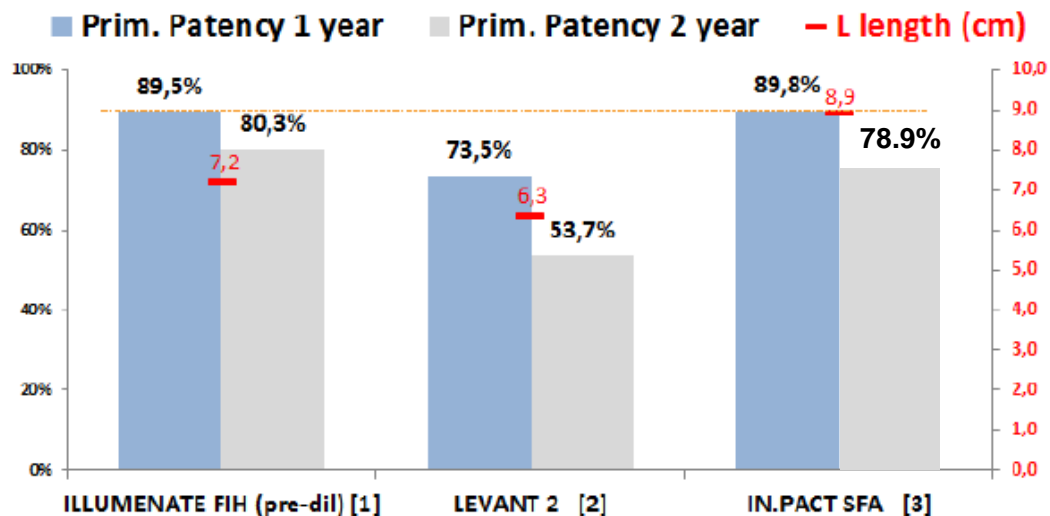
IN.PACT SFA⁶

LEVANT 2⁷

Durability ?

Stellarex DCB Evidence in Context

Primary Patency from multicenter, Duplex Corelab* adjudicated DCB Trials

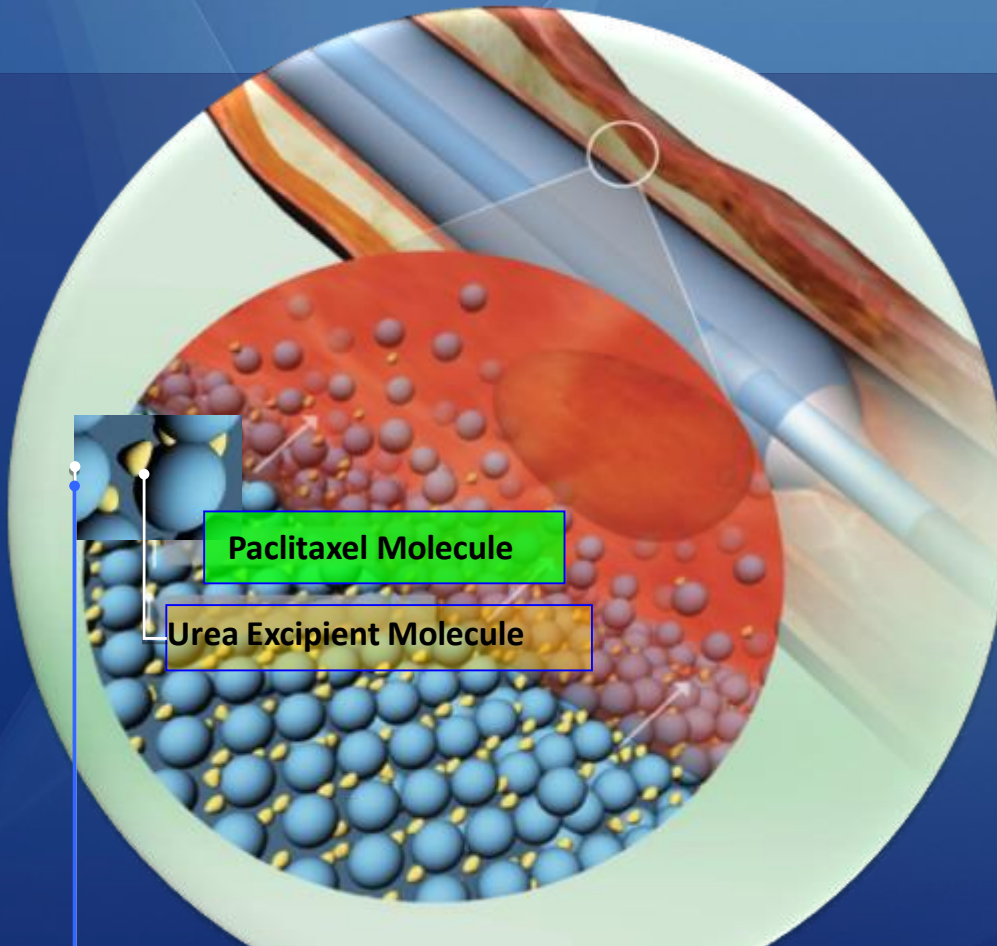


* VascCore DUS Core lab (Boston, MA, USA); PSVR threshold < or ≤ 2.5

[1] Schroeder H *Catheter Cardiovasc Interv.* Accepted manuscript online: 23FEB2015; DOI: 10.1002/ccd.25900 [2] United States, Department of Health and Human Services. FDA Executive Summary: Circulatory System Devices Advisory Panel June 12, 2014; Bard Lutonix® 035 Drug Coated Balloon PTA Catheter [3] G.Tepe, Presentation; IN.PACT SFA 1-year Primary Outcomes; Charing Cross; London United Kingdom, April 5-8, 2014



IN.PACT™ Admiral DEB with FreePac™ Coating Technology



biocompatible | hydrophilic
naturally-occurring
high degree of transfer efficiency

IN.PACT™

- Medtronic-Invatec DEB balloon line

FreePac™

- Proprietary hydrophilic coating formulation
 - Urea separates Paclitaxel molecules
 - Increased drug solubility and optimal diffusion into vessel wall
 - Urea facilitates Paclitaxel absorption into the vessel wall

IN.PACT SFA 1:2 RCT DEB vs POBA

2010-2013
n 331

IN.PACT SFA: Investigators and Sites



IN.PACT SFA I 150 subjects enrolled at 13 EU sites Sep 2010-Apr 2011

M. Brodmann, Graz, Austria	G. Sorropago, Mercogliano, Italy
G. Tepe, Rosenheim, Germany	P. Peeters, Bonheiden, Belgium
T. Zeller, Bad Krozingen, Germany	F. Vermassen, Gent, Belgium
D. Scheinert, Leipzig, Germany	C. Trani, Rome, Italy
A. Micari, Palermo, Italy	M. Bosiers, Dendermonde, Belgium
I. Baumgartner, Bern, Switzerland	J. Van den Berg, Lugano, Switzerland
S. Sixt, Hamburg, Germany	

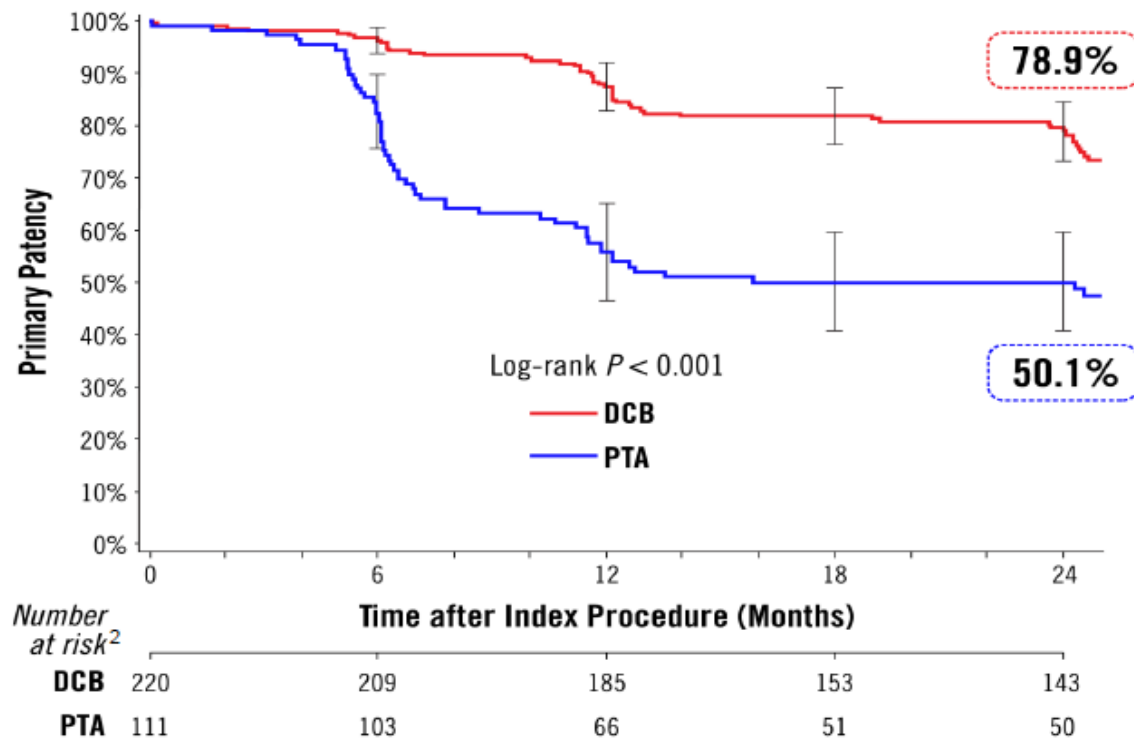


IN.PACT SFA II 181 subjects enrolled at 44 US sites Apr 2012-Jan 2013

P. Krishnan, New York, NY, USA	C. Walker, Houma, LA, USA
C. Metzger, Kingsport, TN, USA	N. Strickman, Houston, TX, USA
A. Jain, Fremont, CA, USA	R. Fairman, Philadelphia, PA, USA
R. Sachar, Raleigh, NC, USA	S. Laster, Kansas City, MO, USA
N. Farhat, Elyria, OH, USA	W. Gray, New York, NY, USA
L. Garcia, Boston, MA, USA	V. Ramaiah, Phoenix, AZ, USA
R. Malhotra, Glendale, AZ, USA	P. Alden, Minneapolis, MN, USA
S. Germanwala, Longview, TX, USA	C. Stinis, La Jolla, CA, USA
A. Pershad, Phoenix, AZ, USA	R. Dave, Camp Hill, PA, USA
B. Bigelow, Indianapolis, IN, USA	R. Gallino, Washington, DC, USA
J. Zidar, Raleigh, NC, USA	G. Ansel, Columbus, OH, USA
S. Ahanchi, Norfolk, VA, USA	M. Schermerhorn, Boston, MA, USA
R. Feldman, Ocala, FL, USA	M. Hunter, Cincinnati, OH, USA
R. Kovach, Brown Mills, NJ, USA	M. Dake, Stanford, CA, USA
M. Goodwin, Naperville, IL, USA	J. Benenati, Miami, FL, USA
L. Marone, Pittsburgh, PA, USA	P. Schneider, Honolulu, HI, USA
M. Shishehbor, Cleveland, OH, USA	R. Serry, Poway, CA, USA
D. Chew, Des Moines, IA, USA	J. Angle, Charlottesville, VA, USA
P. Soukas, Providence, RI, USA	K. Gupta, Kansas City, KS, USA
M. Garcia, Newark, DE, USA	P. Jones, Chicago, IL, USA
M. Mewissen, Milwaukee, WI, USA	G. Petrossian, Roslyn, NY, USA
R. Brown, Waco, TX, USA	A. Patel, Morristown, NJ, USA

24-Month Results of IN.PACT SFA
Published by Laird et al (J Am College Cardiology 2015)

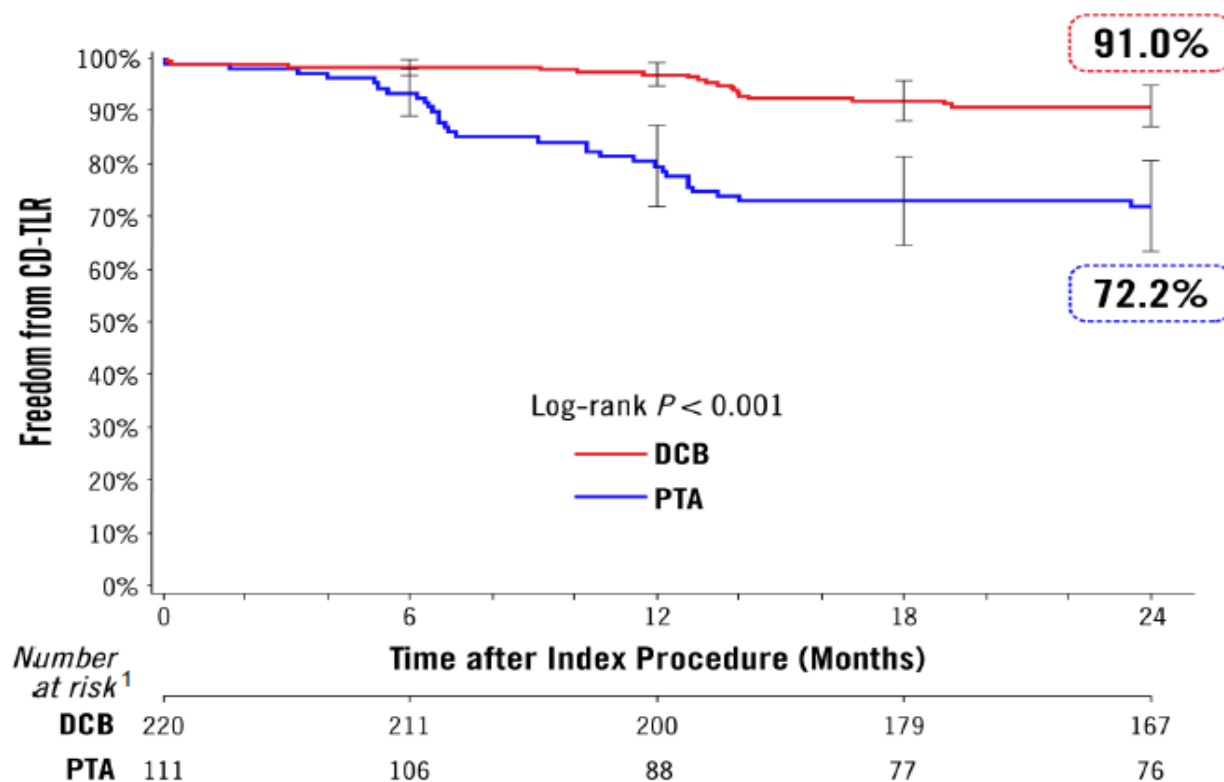
Primary Patency¹ Results through 2 Years



1. Freedom from core laboratory-assessed restenosis (duplex ultrasound PSVR ≤ 2.4) or clinically-driven target lesion revascularization through 24 months (adjudicated by a Clinical Events Committee blinded to the assigned treatment)

2. Number at risk represents the number of evaluable subjects at the beginning of the 30-day window prior to each follow-up interval

Freedom from CD-TLR through 2 Years



1. Number at risk represents the number of evaluable subjects at the beginning of the 30-day window prior to each follow-up interval

IN.PACT SFA Trial (RCT):

Endpoint	DEB	PTA	p-value
Primary patency @ 12m	89.8 %	66.8 %	< 0.001
Primary patency @ 24m	78.9 %	50.1 %	< 0.001
@ 36m	69.5 %	45.1 %	
Freedom from CD-TLR @ 36m	84.8 %	69.9 %	0.002

IN.PACT Global Study

2012-2014
N 1535

*Real-world, prospective, multicenter, single arm
independently-adjudicated femoropopliteal study*

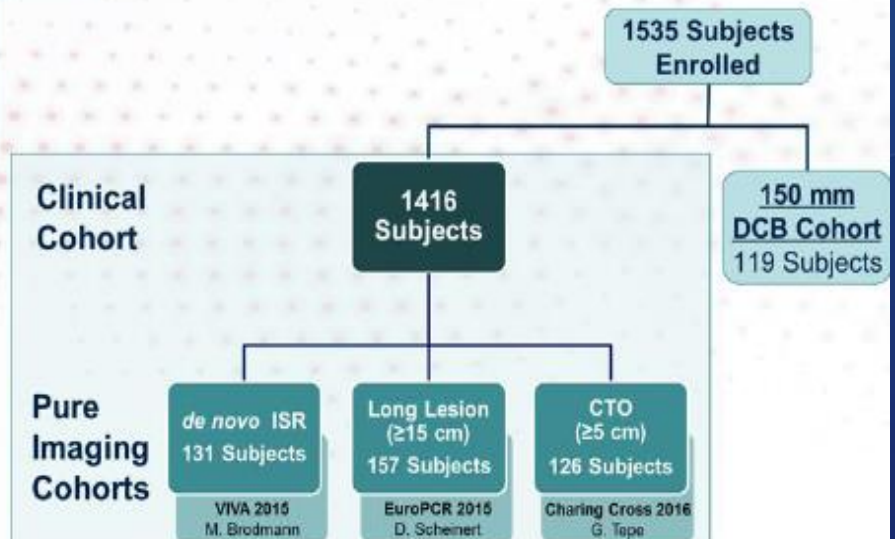


All-comers (RCC 2-4)

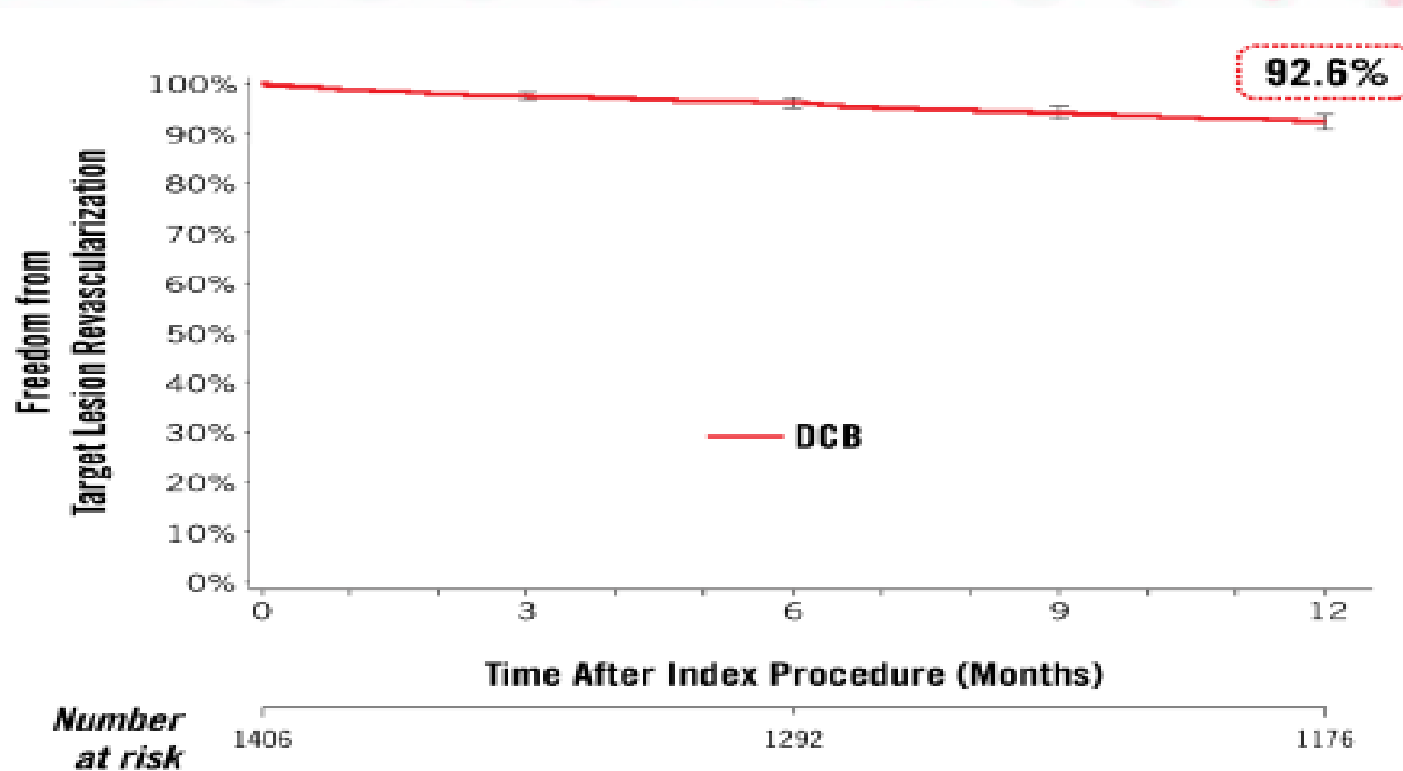
- Bilateral disease
- Multiple lesions
- SFA and Popliteal Artery
- TASC A, B, C, D
- de novo ISR
- Long Lesions
- CTOs

- 1535 patients 64 sites (EU, Mid-East, Latin America, Asia)
- Independent adjudication by Clinical Events Committee¹
- Prospective subset analysis with core lab^{2,3} reported results (de novo ISR, long lesions ≥ 15 cm, CTOs ≥ 5 cm)

1. Syntrix Clinical Events Committee, New York, NY, US
2. VasCore DUS Core Lab, Boston, MA, US
3. SynvaCor Angiographic Core Lab, Springfield, IL, US



Freedom from TLR



IN.PACT Global Trial: n 1535

DEB

Endpoint

Primary patency @ 12m

CTO subcohort (n 126)	85.3 %
Long lesion subcohorts (n 157)	91.1 %
ISR subcohort (n 131)	88.7%

Freedom from CD-TLR Full cohort @ 12m

92.5 %

IN.PACT Conclusions

- RCT 24m data (2) demonstrate durability and continued superiority of IN.PACT DEB over PTA
Consistent results in subgroups incl. females and diabetics
- RCT 36 Month Results available
 - Primary Patency @ 36m: 69.5 %
 - Freedom from CD-TLR @ 36m: 84.8 %
- IN.PACT Global trial shows promising results concerning durability and gives new data for ISR, CTO and LL

Passeo-18 Lux™ Drug-Coated Angioplasty Balloon

Drug

- Paclitaxel (3.0 µg/mm²)
- Anti-proliferative, lipophilic and allow fast absorption

Excipient

- BTHC (Butyryl-tri-hexyl Citrate)
- Keeps paclitaxel in micro-crystalline structure
- Degrades to citric acid and alcohol

Balloon platform

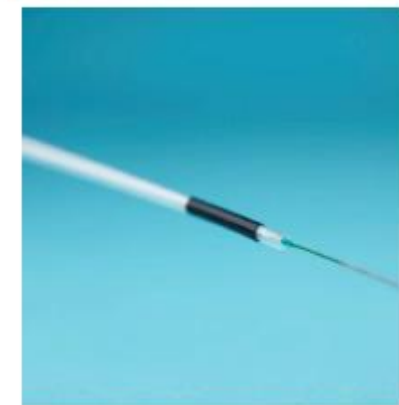
- Well established **Passeo-18 platform**
- Available in diameters 2.0 – 7.0 mm and lengths 40 – 120 mm
- Excellent deliverability and crossability
- **Innovative insertion aid** eases device handling and protects coating

Matrix Coating

- Guarantees high bioavailability of paclitaxel at target lesion for rapid drug absorption by tissue

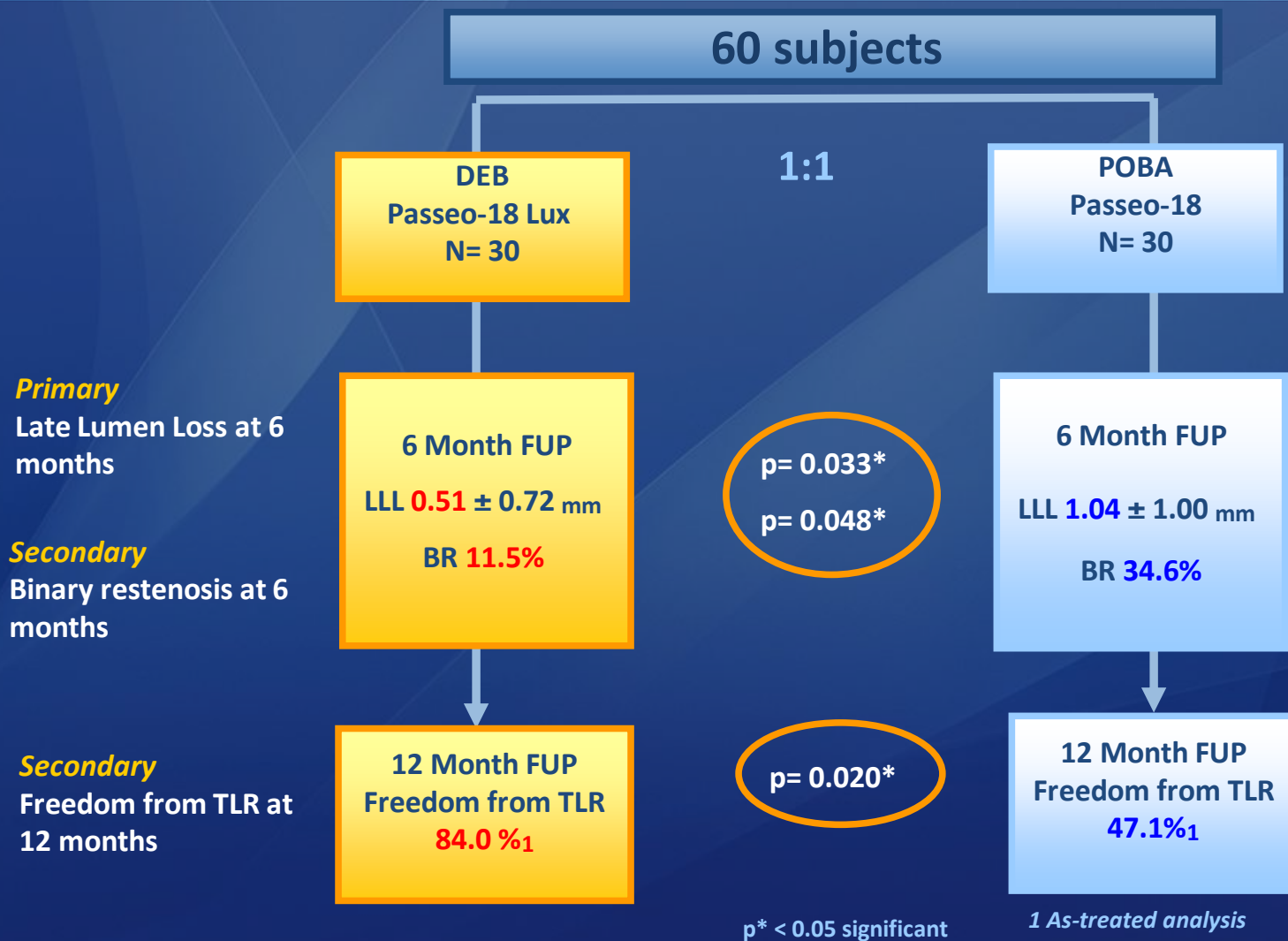


Passeo-18 Lux

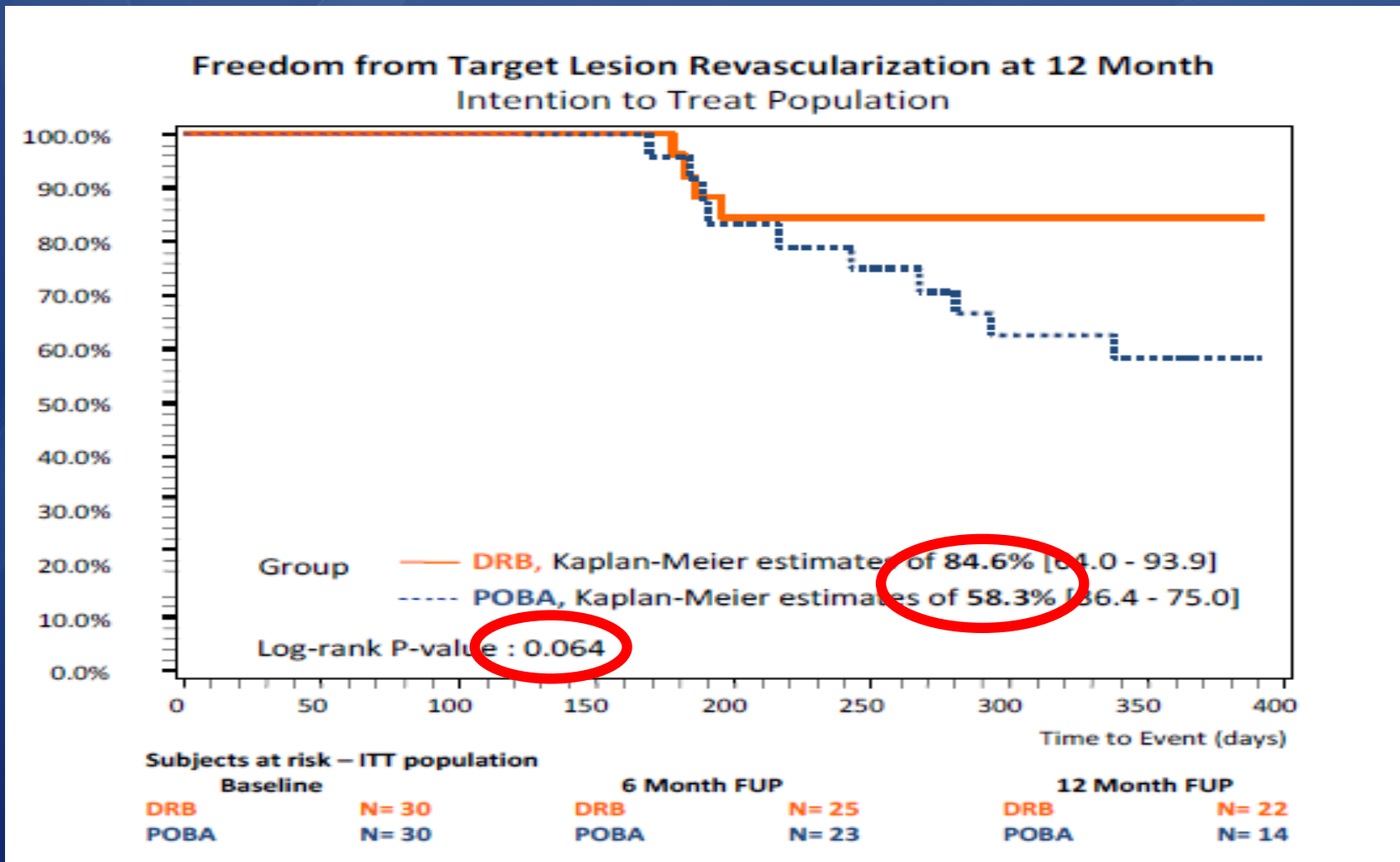


BIOLUX P-I Study: 1:1 RCT DEB vs PTA

2012-2013
N 60

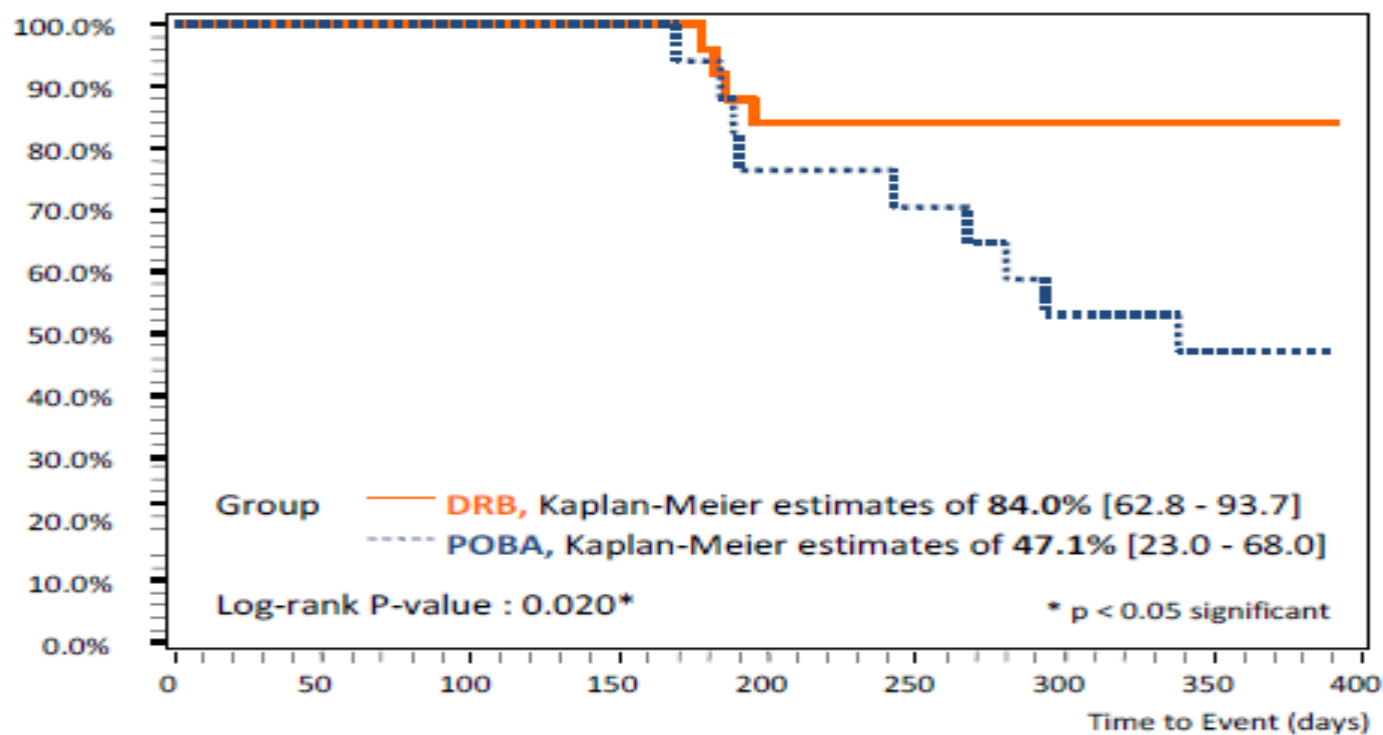


12 Months Results: Freedom from TLR - ITT



Freedom from TLR – As Treated

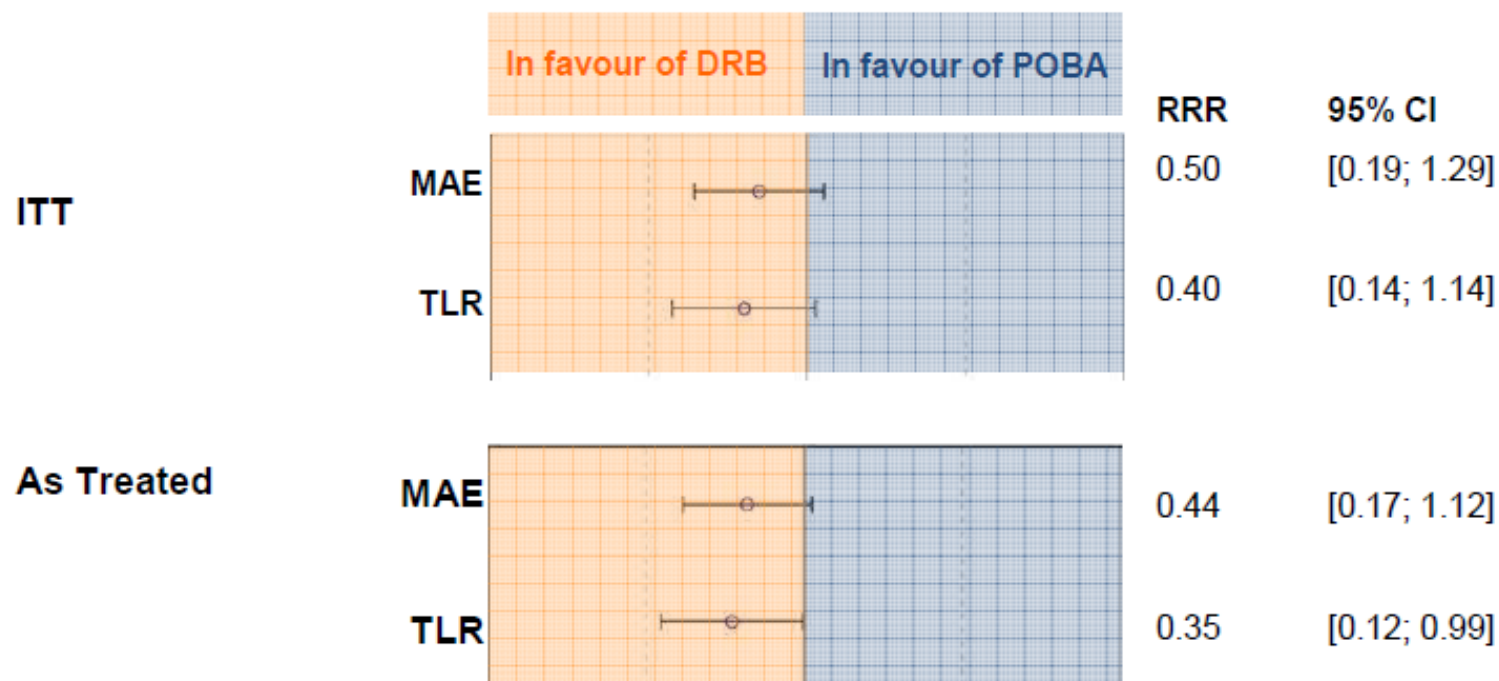
Freedom from Target Lesion Revascularization at 12 Month
As Treated Population



Subjects at risk – as treated population

	Baseline		6 Month FUP		12 Month FUP
DRB	N= 28	DRB	N= 24	DRB	N= 21
POBA	N= 22	POBA	N= 16	POBA	N= 8

12 Months Results: Relative Risk Ratio



Global BIOLUX P-III All-Comers Registry using Passeo-18 Lux DEB (Infra-Inguinal)

2014-2016
N 790

All-Comers Current Status

Subgroups (No. of subjects) :

- ✓ Heavily calcified lesions (>110)
- ✓ TASC C lesions (>150)
- ✓ TASC D lesions (>110)
- ✓ Occlusions (> 200)
- ✓ Popliteal lesions (> 75)
- ✓ Rutherford ≥ 3 (> 450)
- ✓ Renal Insufficiency (> 200)
- ✓ Diabetes (> 200)
- ✓ Age ≥ 65 (> 120)



**All-Comers cohort
 ≥ 900**



Infrapopliteal
lesions (150)

Feb 2016

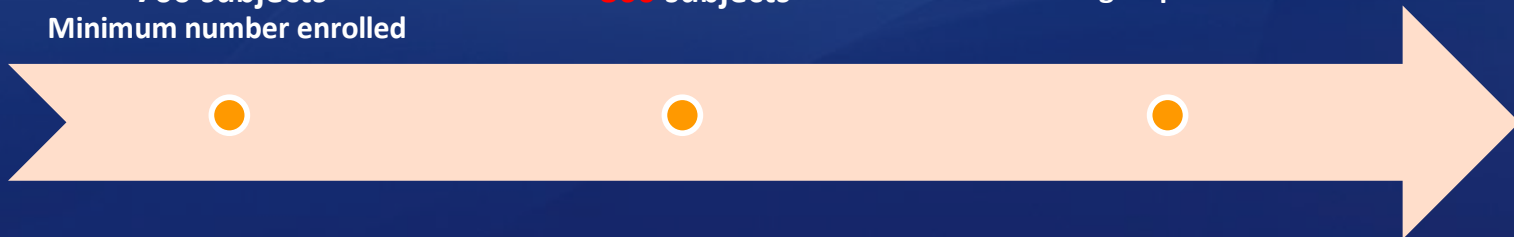
700 subjects
Minimum number enrolled

Sept 2016

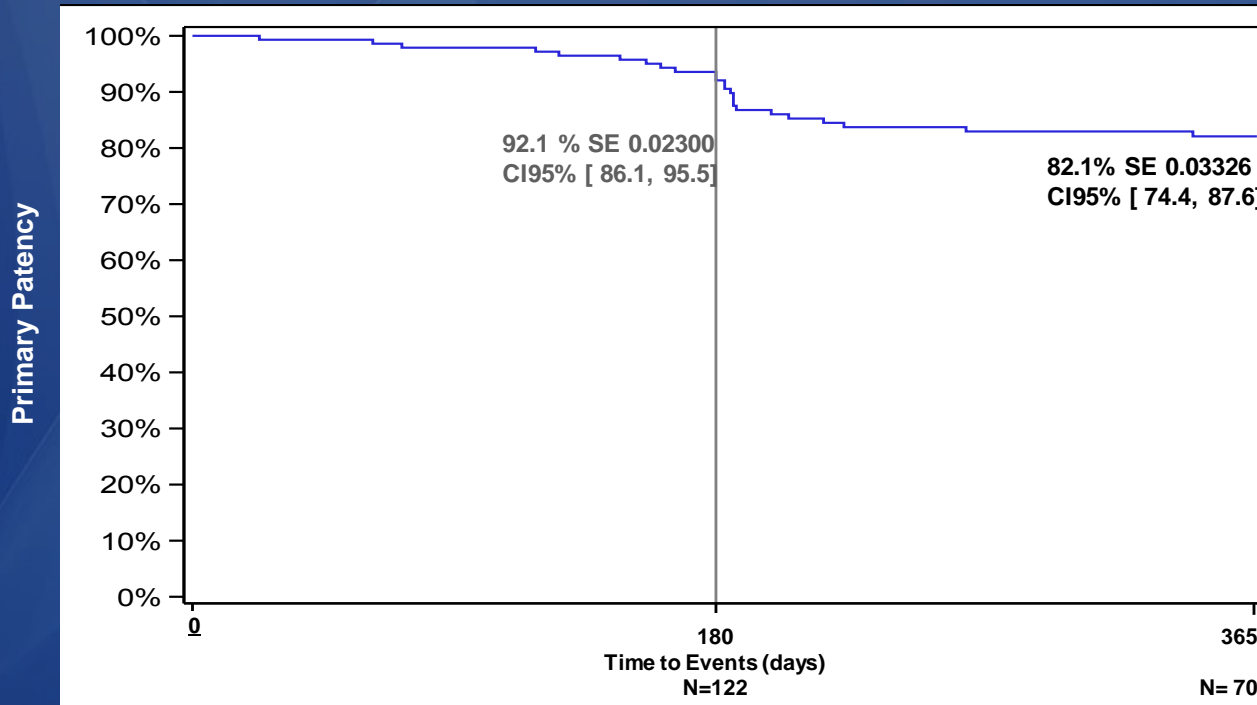
860 subjects

Dec 2016

End of subgroups enrolment



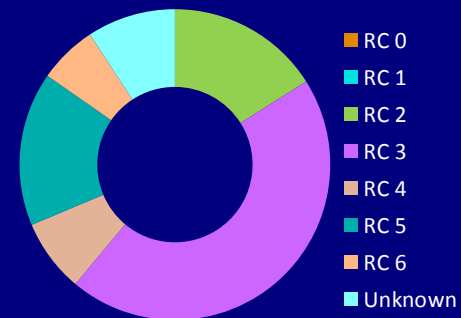
Primary Patency – SFA



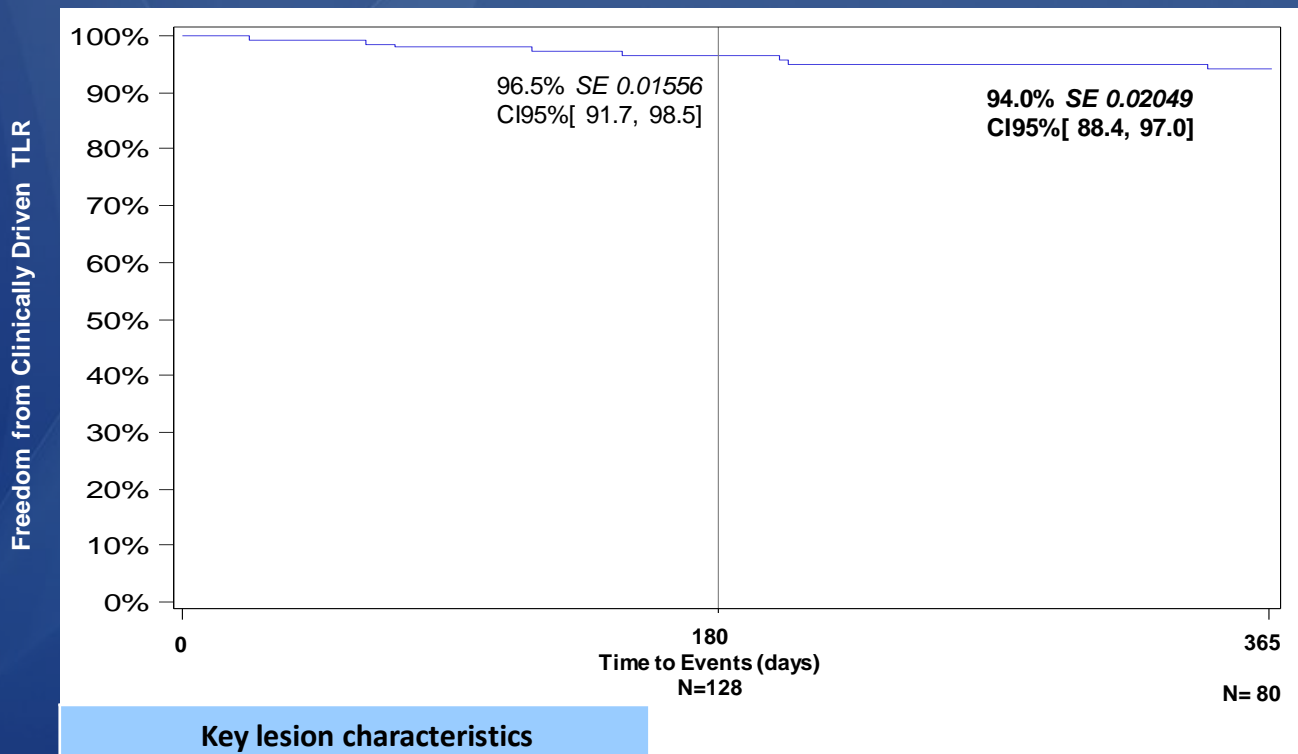
Key lesion characteristics	
TASC D/C	21.4%
CLI	29.7%
Calcification	80.7% (51.7% moderate/heavy)

30% subject with RC>3 at baseline

Rutherford Classification at baseline

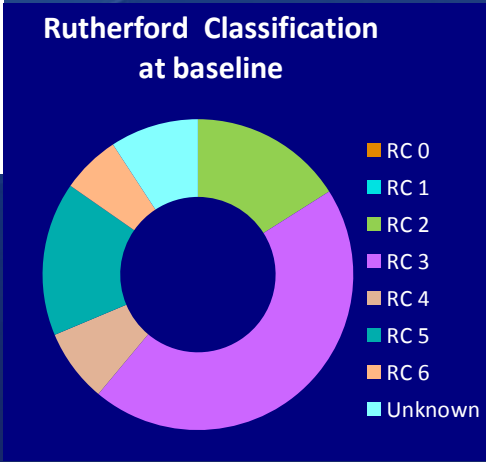


Freedom From Clinically Driven Target Lesion Revascularization¹ – SFA (adjudicated by an independent CEC)



Key lesion characteristics	
TASC D/C	21.4%
CLI	29.7%
Calcification	80.7% (51.7% moderate/heavy)

30% subject with RC>3 at baseline



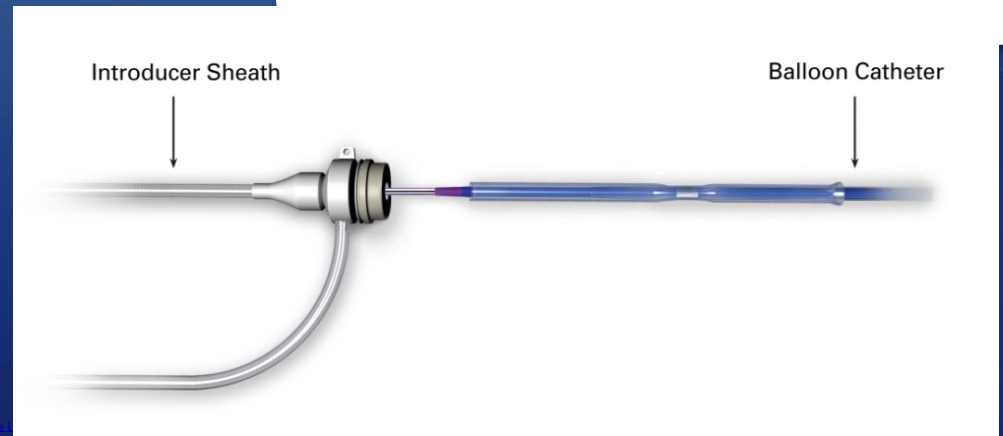
(1) Any re-intervention performed for $\geq 50\%$ diameter stenosis (visual estimate) at the target lesion after documentation of recurrent clinical symptoms of the patient

BIOLUX Conclusions

- RCT 12 month data show freedom from TLR of 84.6 %
- 12-month results of the first 200 subjects PIII tend to confirm efficacy of Paseo-18 LUX as a stand alone therapy of the SFA
Freedom from CD-TLR: 94.0 %
- Analysis of subgroups will provide additional information

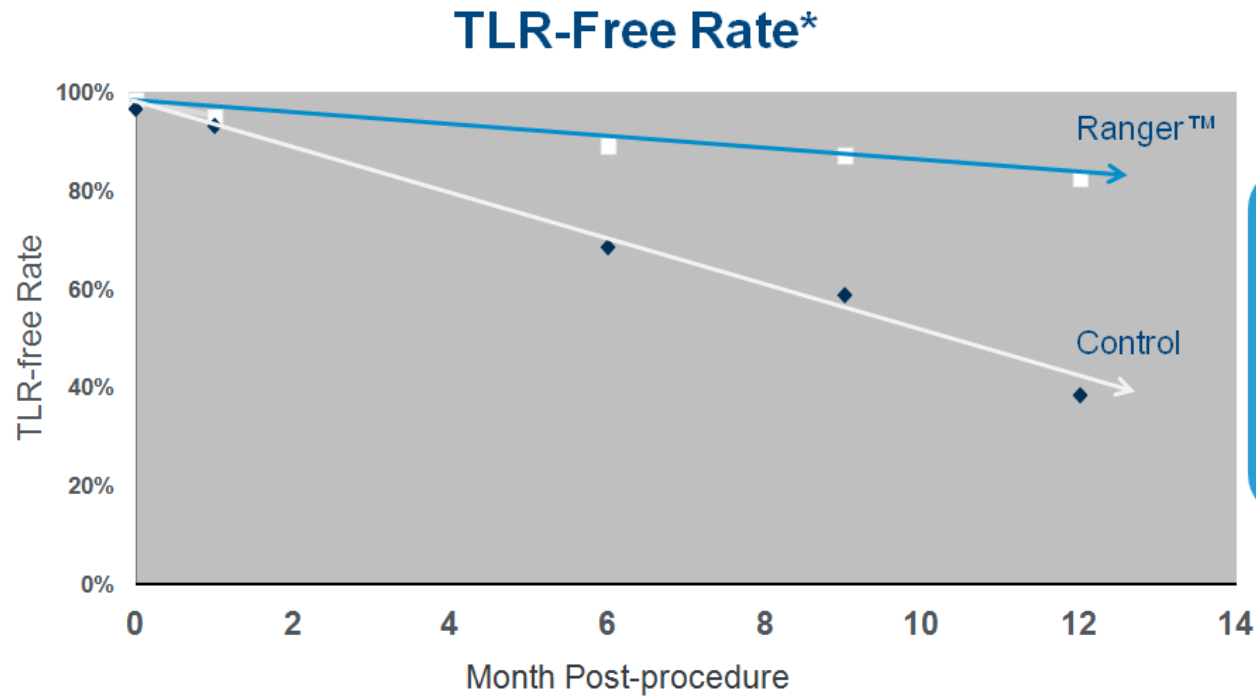
RANGER™ Drug-Coated Angioplasty Balloon

- Sterling 0.018" balloon platform
- TransPax™ coating technology
- Ranger™ DCB loading tool designed to protect the drug coating
- Size matrix:
 - SFA: 4-8 mm; 30-100 mm



RANGER™ SFA RCT (Interim Data)

2014-2015
N 105

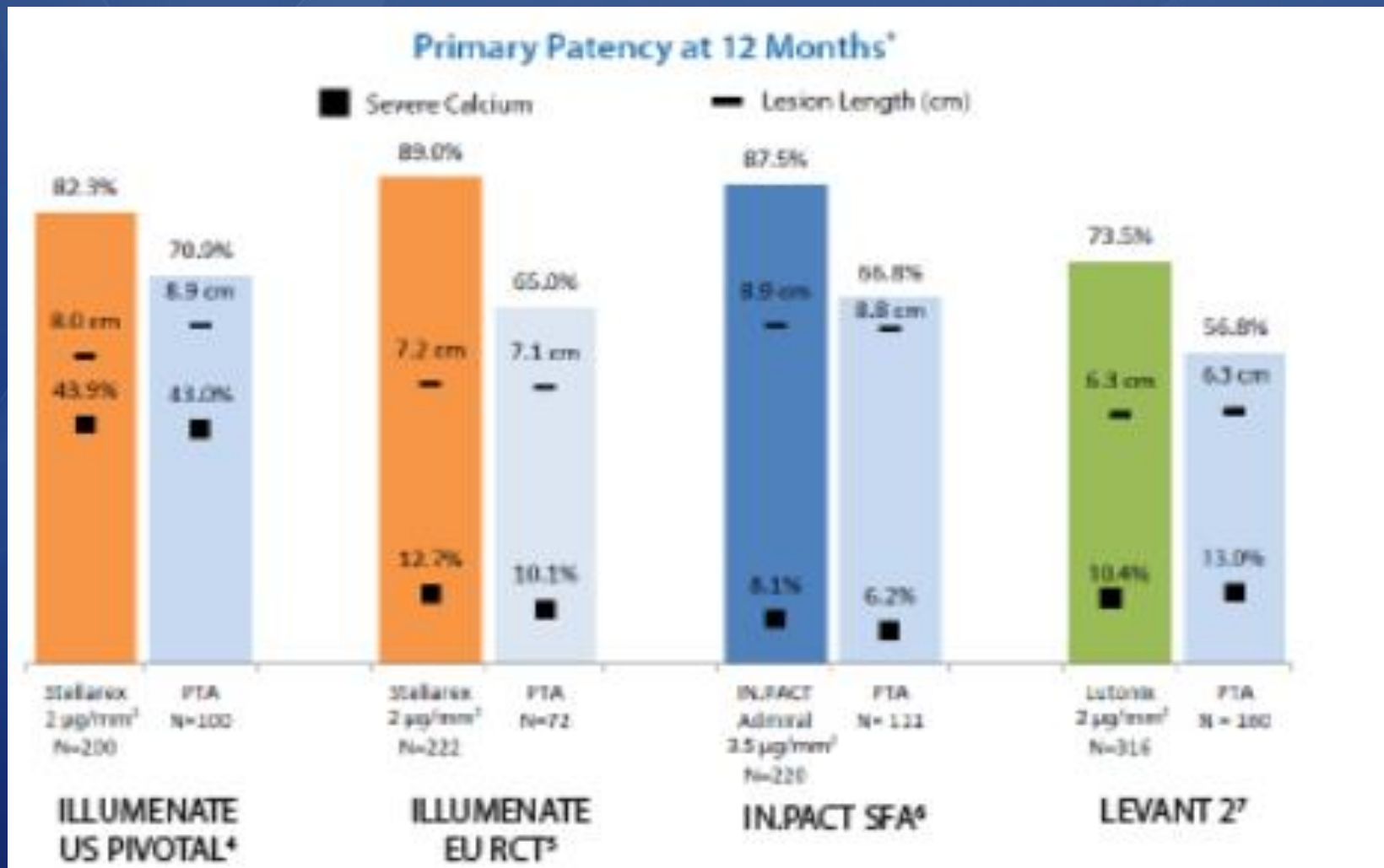


	Sample Size*				
Ranger	63	61	46	39	29
Control	30	29	19	17	13

*Sample size is the # of patients for whom the designated amount of time has elapsed since the index procedure

CONCLUSION I: RCT

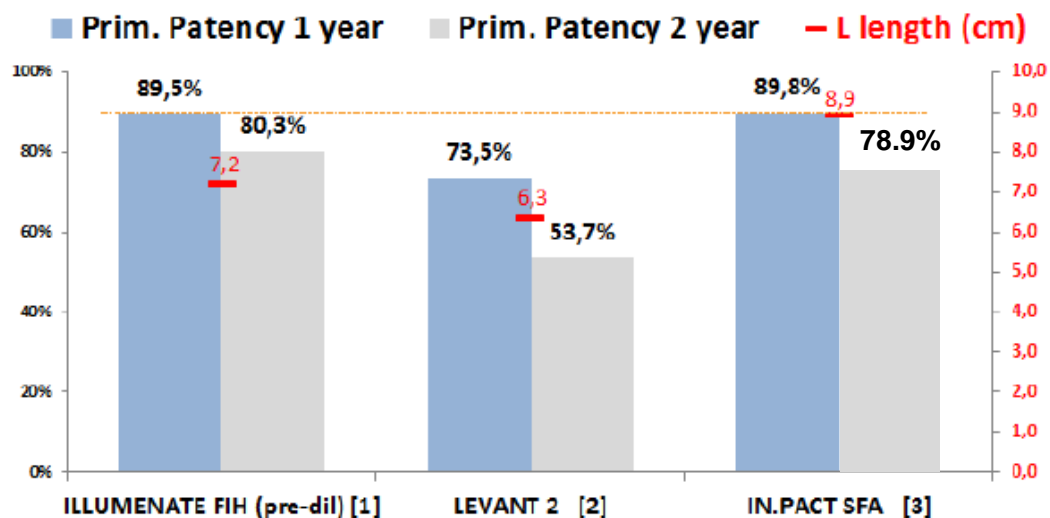
Confirmed improved results at 12m (vs PTA)



CONCLUSION II: Durable results for at least two years

Stellarex DCB Evidence in Context

Primary Patency from multicenter, Duplex Corelab* adjudicated DCB Trials



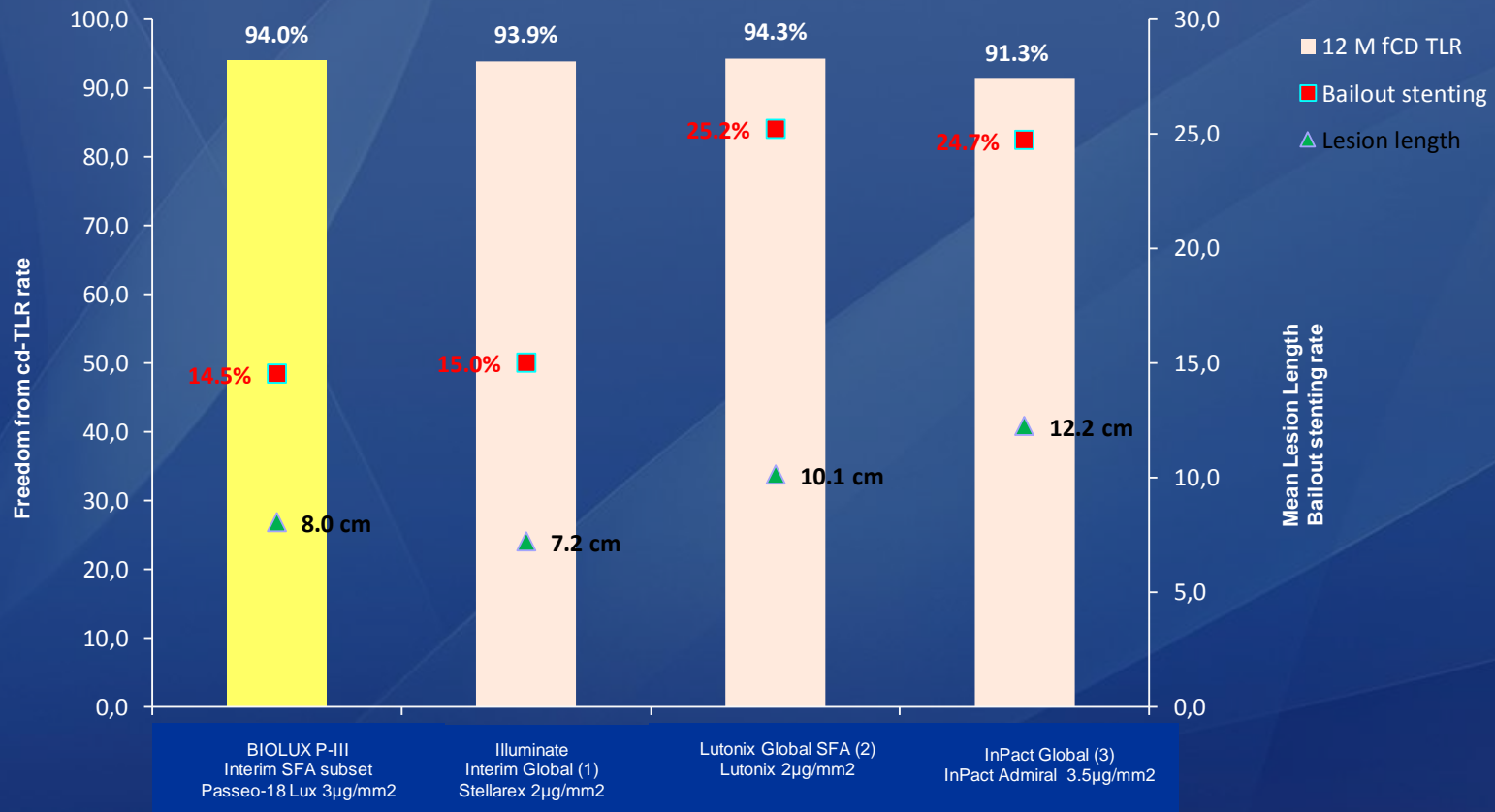
* VascCore DUS Core lab (Boston, MA, USA); PSVR threshold < or \leq 2.5

[1] Schroeder H *Catheter Cardiovasc Interv.* Accepted manuscript online: 23FEB2015; DOI: 10.1002/ccd.25900 [2] United States, Department of Health and Human Services. FDA Executive Summary: Circulatory System Devices Advisory Panel June 12, 2014; Bard Lutonix® 035 Drug Coated Balloon PTA Catheter [3] G.Tepe, Presentation; IN.PACT SFA 1-year Primary Outcomes; Charing Cross; London United Kingdom, April 5-8, 2014

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CONCLUSION III (Real world lesions): Low TLR rates @ 12m in 4 global trials ...



Data overview for informational purposes only and not for head-to-head comparison

(1) Krishnan P. 12-Month Interim Results of ILLUMENATE Global Study with the Stellarex DCB. Oral presentation. NCHV, June 01-03 2016

(2) Thieme M. Lutonix Global SFA Real-World Registry: 12 Month Outcomes. Oral presentation. TCT, October 11-15, 2015

(3) Ansel G. The INPACT Global Registry: One-Year Outcomes Using the INPACT DCB in an Unrestricted, Real-World Environment. Oral presentation. TCT, October 11-15, 2015